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THE TRUSTS IN ENGLAND.

ENORMOUS MONOPOLIES THAT FLOURISH UNDER FREE TRADE.

A State of Affairs Which Should Be Diligently Studied by Misguided Writers Who Assume That Protection is Responsible For Industrial Combinations.

Under the caption "The Growth of Monopoly in English Industry," H. W. Macrosty, in the Contemporary Review, furnishes some interesting information respecting trusts in Great Britain which deserves to be attentively studied by those misguided writers who assume that protection is responsible for the movement in the direction of industrial combination so prevalent in this country at present.

Mr. Macrosty furnishes abundant evidence that the phenomena is not confined to protective countries, and shows that the movement is as far-reaching in free trade England as in the United States. Speaking of the growth of combinations in the United Kingdom he says:

"Single amalgamations, while not entirely excluding competition, control the screw, cotton, thread, salt, alkali and India rubber tire industries. In other cases a formal agreement of masters fixes prices; thus, in the hollow ware trade (metal utensils) prices are arranged by an informal ring of a dozen Birmingham firms. Similarly there is no open market in antimony, nickel, mercury, lead pipes, fish supply and petroleum. Steel and iron rails are controlled by an English rail ring, which so manages matters that it is undersold by American, Belgian and German competitors. All the largest firms in the newspaper-making industry have just consolidated their interests into one large combination. In the engineering trades twenty-four firms have a subscribed capital of £14,245,000. In 1897 Armstrong & Co. absorbed Whitworth & Co., raising their capital to £4,210,000 in the process. Vickers & Co., the armor plate manufacturers, are another example of a very large amalgamation. In the spring of 1897 they bought up the Naval Construction and Armament Company, and later they acquired the Maxim-Nordenfeldt Guns and Ammunition Company. Now they boast of being the only firm capable of turning out a battleship complete in every respect. The most noteworthy examples of combination, however, are to be found in the Birmingham staple trades and in the textile industries."

This condensation is supplemented by extended details showing that slowly but surely the British organizer is bringing every possible plan of money making within the field of his operations, and that England is rapidly becoming the home of trusts. Here is his summing up:

"We thus see in British industry a steady movement toward combination and monopoly, a movement which is the natural outcome of competition, and therefore not capable of being prevented or undone by law."

The keen critic will not fail to note that this admission is fatal to the assumption that protection is responsible for the creation of trusts. If trusts are the natural outcome of competition, as Mr. Macrosty avers, then the evil can not be attributed to a policy which has the effect of restraining the area of competition. We may add that this view, that competition is responsible for combinations, has found expression in the works of such distinguished free traders as J. Thorold Rogers, and that it is only the "featherweight" economists, fighting under the Cobden banner in this country, who have sought to fasten the responsibility for the evil on protection.

Not only is protection not responsible for the trust evil, but it may be claimed that it offers the only remedy for its suppression. We venture to say that no protectionists will assent to the proposition that combination is "not capable of being prevented or undone by law," but it is natural enough for a free trader to assume that the evil is irremediable, except by a resort to socialism, as Mr. Macrosty does in his concluding sentence, in which he says:

"Nevertheless, with the weapon of State control in hand, combination may be welcomed, and if control proves insufficient, State purchase and public administration remain behind."

Protectionists, accustomed as they are to the idea of regulation, will not hesitate to resort to the most drastic measures if they find it necessary to do so in order to stamp out the evil. By carefully limiting the area of competition to their own country the statesmen of a protective nation can control trusts, but that will be found an impossible achievement in a free trade country, for the simple reason that the attempt to prohibit combination in a land with wide open trade doors will prove destructive to domestic industry.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Too Good a Thing to Drop.

John Bull—"Now that we're getting to be such warm friends, isn't it about time to drop that foolish tariff of yours?"

Uncle Sam—"Thanks, Johnnie, for your assurances of friendship, but that foolish tariff has proved too good a thing to drop. Why don't you try it yourself? There's millions in it!"

Always Equal to the Task.

The business and finances of the nation always have been in satisfactory shape when the management of Government affairs is intrusted to the Republican party, the only national organization which ever has demonstrated its capacity to conduct them successfully.—Springfield (Ill.) Journal.

The Price of Safety.

The only danger to the policy of protection lies in the possibility that protectionists will feel too sure of the strength of their position. It is hard to realize that there is any chance that the people of this country will, under any circumstances, vote to change the system which has substituted our present wonderful prosperity for the hard times which prevailed from 1893 to 1896. Yet it must not be forgotten that such a thing is possible. The interval between the enactment of the McKinley law in 1892 had had no equal up to that time in the extent of the prosperity developed. Yet the voters of the country decided in 1892 to experiment with free trade. There is, of course, not the same likelihood of their repeating the experiment. They have the remembrance of the disaster and ruin which resulted from that little excursion into the fields of free trade to deter them from venturing that way again. Yet protectionists must not be too sure.

Certain of the rampant free traders were never more active than they are now. The utter discredit which has been brought upon their pet theory, the very seeming hopelessness of their cause, is apparently stirring them to special effort. The complexion of the Senate is such that no change in the tariff in the direction of free trade is possible even though the free traders should win in the Presidential campaign of 1900—which is not likely. The fact that the possibility of a change is so far distant, as well as the wonderful prosperity which has come as the direct result of the restoration of protection, tends, however, to make protectionists careless. It is this fact of which the free traders hope to take advantage. In this they should be ruthlessly disappointed. Eternal vigilance is the price of prosperity as well as of liberty.

Satan Rebuking Sin.

What did the Democrats ever do when they were in power to restrain the developments which they now affect to deplore, but at which they secretly rejoice, recognizing, as they do, in them a possible chance of salvation? They never did a thing. On the contrary, it was while the Democracy was in office that the seeds of the growth we see going on were planted. The great Sugar Trust, which was one of the first to be formed, was little less than a Democratic organization. Its contributions had assisted Grover Cleveland's election, and it is an open secret that by way of reward it was permitted to dictate the sugar schedule in the disaster-breeding tariff bill to which Professor Wilson gave his name. The Democracy denouncing trusts will be strongly suggestive of Satan rebuking sin.

The position of the Republicans is much better. The only anti-trust law upon the Federal statute books, the so-called Sherman law, was a Republican measure, and in the anti-trust legislation of the States it is the Republican States which have consistently taken the lead. If the Democrats cannot find any other issue upon which to unite than one upon which all politicans of whatever allegiance are agreed, their straits must indeed be desperate.

Hard to Get Over.

A tribute to the effectiveness of the protective policy in adding to the general welfare of the United States is paid in a recent report of the German Imperial Commissioner at Bremen, as follows:

"The strong tendency toward the United States, in spite of immigration having been rendered more difficult, finds an explanation in the fact that American industry has largely developed in consequence of the Dingley tariff, and that the demand for experienced artisans has therefore greatly increased. Moreover, German manufacturers have, in order to save the customs duties, established branch houses of their works in the United States."

Facts like these are, like a barbed wire fence, "hard to get over." Free trade writers don't attempt to get over them. They dodge and ignore them.

May Need the Doctor.

The balance of trade in favor of the United States is, at the present time, fifty-four million dollars a month. Under the Wilson bill and the Cleveland administration it was less than seven millions a month. A little argument of this kind will make a Democrat sick enough to call in the family physician. —Lawrence (Kan.) Journal.

Continuous Calamity Talk.

Notwithstanding the infamous attempts of the plutocrats to embarrass him by a general increase of wages, Mr. Bryan continues to talk good old orthodox hard times straight from the shoulder.—Kansas City Journal.

A Boston woman, a member of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, was recently traveling to the Pacific coast over the Northern Pacific railroad. Now North Dakota is a rigid prohibition state, and the dining cars have this notice posted up in them: "No intoxicating liquors will be served while the train is passing through the state of North Dakota." The train had been rolling along through that interminable state a long time, when the Boston woman, who is interested in temperance, came into the dining car for her dinner. Casting her eye out of the car window upon a somewhat changed landscape, she said to the waiter, with purely geographical interest: "Are we still in North Dakota?" "No, ma'am," said he, alertly, and with a hospitable grin; "what'll you take to drink, ma'am?"—Boston Transcript.

A Day of 3,552 Hours.

At Berlin and London the longest day has sixteen hours and a half; at Stockholm, the longest day eighteen hours and a half; at Hamburg the longest day has seventeen hours, and the shortest seven; at St. Petersburg, the longest day has nineteen, and the shortest five hours; at Torena, in Finland, the longest day has twenty-one hours and a half and the shortest two hours and a half; at Wanderhus, in Norway, the day lasts from the 21st of May to the 22d of July, without interruption; and at Spitzbergen, the longest day is three months and a half.

MAINE INDIANS OF WEALTH.

The Survivor Fifty Years Hence Likely to Be the State's Richest Man.

If the members of the so called old tribe of Abenaki Indians take their case before the next session of the Maine legislature and gain their point the richest man living in Maine fifty years heace is likely to be an Indian.

The trouble between the old tribe and the new tribe is of long-standing. It arose from the strong infusion of white blood that was added to this tribe every year. As a rule, the men are contented to wed women of their own color. The squaws are more ambitious, and prefer a Yankee or a Frenchman. Such is their fondness for Caucasians that they will cheerfully accept repeated whippings from white husbands, while if an Indian raises his hand against his copper-hued spouse he is likely to spend from three to six months in Bangor jail. The tribe was split ten or twelve years ago over a proposition to admit to membership only persons whose blood was at least half Indian. It was then that the division into the old and new tribe occurred.

For a time things prospered with the new tribe. Through the sale of Indian townships Nos. 1 and 2, the state of Maine deposited $160,000 worth of 6 per cent. bonds to the credit of the Abenakis in the state treasury. In addition, the state appropriated about $4000 a year for bounties on crops raised by the Indians. The sale of wood and grass and the rental on shore frontage on the 300 fertile islands which the Indians own between Old Town and Mattawamkeag yielded them from $10,000 to $12,000 a year, so that between freedom from taxation and half rates over the Maine railroads, the 300 or 400 high and low grade Indians of central Maine were doing fairly well and living in luxury without being compelled to labor. As soon as the shiftless lumbermen learned how matters stood, squaws were in great demand in the matrimonial market. Whenever a poor white man was fortunate enough to wed a squaw, he was taken over to the island, where the state provided a home for him and kept him in food and clothing for the remainder of his days. In six years the population of Indian island went up from 326 to more than 500.

A Maine Indian is very slow at arithmetic as it is learned from the books, but when figures are applied to bread and butter and blankets he is as quick as anybody. Though the members of the new tribe were growing in numbers rapidly and having an easier time than any other community in New England, the per capita share of tea, tobacco, woolen sweaters and moccasins dealt out by the Indian agent grew smaller. Thus, instead of six plugs of tobacco a week, the allowance was reduced to four. Later a similar deficit in clothing and groceries was apparent. Still there was no general uprising of the tribe until several of the squaws who had acquired white husbands had died. After a half dozen white widowers had drawn state bounty for a year or more, the new tribe held a great powwow to decide their fate. The meeting lasted three days, in which time a number of fervent orators were taken home and attended by surgeons. The final vote resulted in a victory for the white husband, who had been adopted into the tribe. No sooner had the decision been reached than nearly one-half of the new tribe seceded from their associates and joined the old tribe, until it could easily control the island.

Since then the two factions have been at odds. A few of the transplanted whites have been evicted by force, though most of them continue to draw state bounty. As a final resort the old tribe proposes to appeal to the Maine legislature and have the interlopers expelled by law. Should the old tribe secure the legislation it desires the Abenaki tribe will probably cease to exist in less than 100 years, as the numbers are now kept up by an infusion of white blood. When the whites and all below half breeds are barred out the early death of the tribe seems inevitable. Meantime the 300 islands in Penobscot river which belong to the Indians are constantly gaining in value. The tribe today consists of 520 members, who own land valued at a million dollars. By weeding out such as have less than 50 per cent. of Indian blood, the number will be reduced to less than 150. The average loss in Indian colonies that are kept to themselves is between 3 and 4 per cent. a year, and thus at the end of forty or fifty years, by which time the islands will be worth $4,000,000 or $5,000,000, the last Indian is likely to be the richest man in Maine. Upon his death the whole property will probably escheat to the state.—New York Sun.

From School to Marriage and Business.

A young man, who was married in a vest singe church the other day, was somewhat enthusiastic after the wedding feast and talked delightedly to his friends of the rapidity of his courtship. "Father said he wouldn't let me up in business till I got married," said he; "so I had to. I had only known Sue four months, but I liked her, and she said she'd help me out. She has, and now I'm going into real estate on my own hook—three weeks after the old gentleman came at me with his bluff. I hope he's satisfied." The youth, moreover, is barely six months out of college. From school to matrimony and commercial independence in half a year is fairly swift traveling. But the bridegroom's parent probably knows his business.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

An Epitaph for His Collie.

For intrinsic merit and beauty in an epitaph that of a Scotch shepherd on his dog stands close to the head. The collies are trained to fetch the sheep from the hills, where they have been wandering, often for days. If there are some missing, "There's three wantin'," the man says, or "There's twa wantin'," as the case may be, and the dog, watching the wave of his master's hand from a distance and harkening to his voice, goes off again and again in search till the flock is found complete.

On a certain farm there was a dog, above his kind, sagacious and true. And when he came to die the shepherd put just these words over his grave: "There's yin wantin' "

OUR POLICY IN CHINA.

The Government to Participate in the Empire's Dismemberment.

TO MAINTAIN TREATY RIGHTS.

America From Now on to Be a Factor in China—Will Oppose Any Action of the Powers Which May Abrogate Our Treaty Rights—The Policy Which Has Been Formulated at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—After years of waiting the United States is to become a factor in the future of China. Henceforth it will take part in any movement looking to the dismemberment of the Chinese Empire, and under certain conditions may demand a portion of the territory.

For the time it will do no more than watch developments and insist upon treaty rights wherever needed, but now that this step has been taken it is expected to develop by successive stages until finally the American eagle will stand with the English lion and the Russian bear, demanding its full share of the fertile Empire almost ripe for distribution among the powers of the world.

On authority it is positively asserted that the United States will protest vigorously against any scheme for partitioning China which does not distinctly guarantee treaty rights and commercial opportunities to her citizens.

Concessions asked for or given are not to be objected to, except where there may be a possibility that possession of the concession may be followed by an attempt to exercise sovereignty over the territory covered by such concession.

Any attempt of this sort is to be opposed by the United States. It has informed, semi-officially, the governments most interested in the attempt to parcel out the great Chinese domain of the attitude it will assume, and from two of them, Great Britain and Russia, has received direct assurances that no ulterior move prompts the efforts to secure concessions, and that the interests of this country are to be protected in any event.

But this assurance is not satisfactory. The State Department assumes the position that every movement in China is of interest to this country, and for the first time it has taken an advanced and positive stand. Henceforth the nations now engaged in the endeavor to parcel out the Chinese Empire will have to do the work with the understanding that this is to be the policy of the United States:

1. It will oppose any plan to wrest sovereignty from the reigning powers in China over any portion of the Empire unless the interests of this country are fully protected.

2. The treaty rights we have with China are to be upheld, and as cession of sovereignty abrogates existing treaties with China, the only way Great Britain and Russia could secure consent of the United States would be by promptly arranging new treaties guaranteeing the same rights it now has under Chinese rule.

3. The open door policy is to be insisted upon as the only guarantee that the growing commerce of this country will not be debarred from its prospective greatest market in the far East.

STORMS IN THE WEST.

Destroy Considerable Property and Injure Many Persons in Ohio.

AKRON, Ohio (Special). — A tornado struck this city a few days ago and did much damage. The storm struck the tents of Mann's circus and they collapsed upon the crowd. Policemen had hard work to prevent a panic, but the spectators were finally released without injury.

The shops of the Akron Sewer Pipe Company also suffered heavily. A portion, more than 150 feet square, of the main building was blown down, and three men were slightly injured. Other shops and buildings about the city were damaged more or less, and many trees were destroyed. Carriages were overturned in the street, and awnings were torn away.

CANAL FULTON, Ohio (Special).—In the storm which struck this place, the wall of a schoolhouse was blown in and nine pupils were injured, some of them seriously. Four scholars were buried beneath the debris of brick and wooden beams. They were extricated by the teacher.

TOLEDO, (Special).—One of the worst wind and rain storms in years was experienced in Toledo. Several small boats on the river were capsized. In the city a number of plate glass fronts were blown in, and other damage to a considerable amount done.

Several houses were unroofed at Tiffin, and at the France stone quarry a number of workmen were injured, Lewis Leslie being picked up by the wind and carried some distance.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis. (Special).—In a severe storm the house of Julius Bundt, at Augusta, was struck by lightning, and Bundt was killed.

CUBAN POVERTY DECREASING.

General Wood Reports Much Improved Conditions at Manzanillo.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—Major-General Leonard Wood, Military Governor of the Department of Santiago, has returned from Manzanillo, where he made a personal inspection of the prevailing conditions. He says that he found affairs progressing satisfactorily in all the places he visited. The people are beginning to work on the small plantations and poverty is rapidly decreasing. The country people say they have no fear of brigands, and that the reports of lawlessness are mainly sent out by Cubans who are antagonistic to the Americans. These reports have little or no foundation. General Wood was received everywhere with demonstrations of appreciation of the policy he has pursued regarding small municipalities.

Severe Storm in Pennsylvania.

A windstorm struck the country surrounding Altoona, Penn., a few days ago, doing severe damage. The Altoona Silk Mill, the Rhines Woodworking Mill and three residences were damaged, entailing a loss of $100,005. In Hollidaysburg, the county seat, the Court House, Presbyterian Church and a business block were partly destroyed. The cities of Johnstown, Tyrone and Huntington also suffered heavy losses.

A City Without Street Cars.

Wichita, Kansas, is now without a street car service. In accordance with a decision by Judge Dale declaring the street cars to be a public nuisance the cars have quit running. The lease of the present company expired some time ago, but they continued to run the cars despite the city's protest.

The Newfoundland Fisheries.

The people of Newfoundland are enthusiastic over the complete vindication given by the report of the Royal Commission to their agitation for the removal of French fishing rights on the west coast.

Prominent People.

The Pope always takes his meals alone, according to time-honored tradition.

Rear-Admiral Schley has been elected commander of the Loyal Legion in New York City.

General Henry C. Merriam believes that martial law is the only remedy for such mining troubles as those at Wardner, Idaho.

Medical Director George H. Cooke of the United States Navy, retired, is one of the two survivors of the party of Americans who accompanied General Grant on his trip up the Nile.

Emperor William has issued an order that official reports submitted to him shall hereafter be made in typewriting. Heretofore typewriting in such cases was a breach of etiquette.

HOSTILITY TO AMERICANS

Consulate at Manaos Stoned and Coat-of-Arms Torn Down.

No Apparent Reason For the Action—The Wilmington's Visit—Her Voyage to Iquitos, Peru.

MANAOS, Upper Amazon, Brazil (By Cable).—The United States Consulate here has been stoned by a mob and the consular coat of arms torn down and destroyed. The office of the Amazon Steamship Company, an English concern, was also attacked. Fortunately the Consul and the English agent were both absent at the time, and thus escaped bodily injury at the hands of the rioters.

In March last the United States gunboat Wilmington was sent by the United States Government to Brazil on a mission to cultivate friendly political and commercial relations, to ascend the Amazon as far as she could go and to explore the region above Manaos.

It was understood the United States Government had made all necessary arrangements with the Brazilian Government in order that the commanding officer of the Wilmington might carry out his orders. Official dinners and other entertainments were given in honor of the officers of the Wilmington and cordial speeches of friendship were made upon these occasions.

The captain and officers of the Wilmington did everything incumbent upon them in a social and official way to carry out their mission. The Americans heard of no other difficulty than that of procuring coal and pilots. Finally, procuring both, the Wilmington left for Iquitos, Peru. No excitement was noticed until a few days after the Wilmington had departed, when the mob formed, marched to the American Consulate and committed its outrages.

The people and officials of Iquitos were immensely pleased and complimented by the visit of the American man-of-war. The officers were feted at official and private receptions. But Iquitos is in Peru and not Brazil.

Manaos, with a population of 60,000 persons, is beautifully located on the Rio Negro, ten miles above its junction with the Amazon. It taps the richest rubber district in the world. Extensive and costly improvements are being made to beautify the city, such as paving the streets, installing large electric plants for the light and street railway systems, and the new water works, in all of which American engineering, capital and machinery are largely employed.

COUNTERFEITING GANG INDICTED.

Bills Found Against Ingham and Newitt and Their Alleged Accomplices.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—The United States Grand Jury found true bills against all the men who were arrested in connection with the counterfeit silver certificates and the counterfeit revenue stamps. There are three indictments against Ellery P. Ingham, former United States District Attorney, and his assistant, Harvey K. Newitt. In the first bill Ingham and Newitt were charged with conspiracy with Jacobs and Kendig to commit an offence against the United States Government. Five of the eight counts of this bill charge conspiracy to bribe an operative of the Secret Service; two, conspiracy to defraud the United States, and one, conspiracy to utter as true forged revenue stamps. The second indictment charges aiding and abetting Jacobs and Kendig in counterfeiting, and the third charges bribery of William J. McManus, a Secret Service operative. James Burns was indicted for aiding and abetting Kendig in forging revenue stamps. B. S. Bredell and Arthur Taylor were indicted for engraving plates for the James Monroe head $100 note and for engraving the revenue stamps. Samuel B. Downey was indicted for accepting a bribe as a United States officer, and W. L. Kendig and W. H. Jacobs were indicted for making plates and counterfeit notes and revenue stamps.

PLOT AGAINST THE BOERS.

Eight Europeans Arrested at Johannesburg For High Treason.

PRETORIA, Transvaal Republic (By Cable). The names of the men arrested in Johannesburg, charged with high treason in enlisting men for the purpose of rebellion, are officially given as Colonel Nichols, Captain Patterson, Lieutenants Tremlett, Ellis and Allen, Quartermaster Mitchell and Sergeants Fries and Hooper.

The arrests were made in Johannesburg practically simultaneously, and the prisoners were brought here on a special train before the Outlander residents were aware of what had happened.

The Transvaal executive officers have held a secret session to consider the matter. It is understood that they discussed the treatment to be accorded the prisoners, who, if convicted of treason, are liable to be punished with death. It has been ascertained that none of the prisoners is an employe of the British South African Company, of which Cecil Rhodes is the head and front.

WATSON OFF FOR MANILA.

He Has Sailed on the City of Pekin to Relieve Admiral Dewey.

SAN FRANCISCO (Special).—Rear-Admiral J. C. Watson, who will succeed Admiral Dewey in command of the Asiatic squadron, has sailed for Manila, via Hong Kong, on the City of Pekin. About an hour before the steamer sailed a small crowd assembled on the dock to bid the Rear-Admiral farewell. He ran down the gangplank as gayly as a lieutenant of twenty-five. He shook hands with several men, but on the cheeks of half a dozen pretty girls he impressed kisses that would have made Hobson tremble for his laurels had he been present. Admiral Watson was accompanied by his staff and fivesmechanics from Mare Island bound for Manila.

Great Storm Off Honduras.

The steamship Foxhall arrived at New Orleans, a few days ago, and reported a great storm off the Honduras coast. The yacht Mystic was wrecked with eight American passengers. They reached shore, but were almost starved. One of them died afterward of starvation. Several other wrecks were reported with a serious loss of life among the natives.

General Henry Arrives Home.

The United States transport McPherson arrived a few days ago at the Port of New York from Ponce, having on board General Guy V. Henry, former Military Governor of Porto Rico.

Earl of Strafford Killed.

The Earl of Strafford, who married Mrs. Samuel J. Colgate in Grace Church, New York City, last December, was instantly killed a few days ago at Potter's Bar, England, by the Cambridge express. Lord Strafford had left London for his country seat, Wrotham Park, Barnet, Herts. He was in his sixty-eighth year.

Famine in Tahiti.

The brig Galilee, which has just arrived at San Francisco, brings word that all supplies except tropical products are very short in Tahiti, and that the natives are in danger of starvation.

A Captured Filipino Flag.

The first genuine Filipino flag to be captured during the present insurrection has just reached the Navy Department at Washington. The flag was captured at Iloilo by Lieutenant A. P. Niblack. The flag is about twelve feet long, and was originally a tri-color, red, white and blue, being composed of a white triangle on the staff with the broad upper stripe of blue and lower of red. It will be sent to Annapolis.

Heavy Sentence For a Small Crime.

Judge Burford, of the United States Court, at Guthrie, Okla., has sentenced Charles Base to the penitentiary for five years for passing one counterfeit nickel.

STUDENTS ON A RAMPAGE

They Attack Pawnee Bill's Wild West Combination at Princeton.

SHOW VIOLATES UNWRITTEN LAW

Students Interrupt Parade by a Fusillade With Firecrackers, Eggs and Decayed Vegetables—Cowboys Retaliate and Ride Them Down—Many Hurt on Both Sides—President Patton Restores Order

PRINCETON, N. J. (Special).—For fifty years it has been an unwritten law of Princeton that no circus parade must pass through the streets. Every show proprietor, in making his dates, has always left Princeton from the list, for it had been a matter of common knowledge in the profession that the students would enforce the unwritten law. A few days ago Pawnee Bill's Wild West combinations violated tradition and paraded. The result was the fiercest battle Princeton has seen in many years.

The show posters were hung up some days ago, and by many they were supposed to be a joke. The show came, however, and now there are sore heads and smarting bodies in plenty.

The show's entrance into the town was quiet. The show people determined to hold their parade, and they did. Such a parade, however, they never held before, and probably hope never to hold again.

The students from one end of the university to the other knew within a minute the parade was coming. Word was passed all along the line and within a few minutes 600 or 700 students had assembled on Nassau street to witness and take part in the proceedings. The fun started with the band wagon. A few cannon crackers were thrown, and these exploding under the six horses made them frantic, and they started to run, but before they had fully started they were brought to a stop by one of the leaders stumbling.

The students meanwhile pelted the riders and the animals with eggs and potatoes. A little bit scared and somewhat ruffled, the procession succeeded in passing down Nassau street. It had to return, however, for, strickly speaking, Princeton village consists of Nassau street.

The procession advanced up the street until the crowd was in sight, and then, evidently daunted, the leaders wheeled into John Lane, to make a circuit of the town and reach the show grounds by a roundabout way.

This action was seen, and the students made a break head off the parade. Eggs and vegetables flew in the crowd, and horses, riders and wagons were bombarded. The cowboys and Indians then charged the students and used their whips freely. That was the turning point of the affair. Stung by the whips and bruised by the rider running into them, the students became ugly, and in a moment the missiles that were annoying but not dangerous were replaced by stones, and the fight became serious.

The aim of the students was good and the scrimmage was exciting. Then the cowboys and Indians retaliated. Some of them drew their revolvers and began to fire, but they either used blank cartridges or else fired over the heads of the crowd. Others, however, unslung their lassoes and used them as whips. Some of the Mexican or South American cowboys were using their bolas and used these with great effect, the leaden-covered ends being exceedingly effective. The cowboys charged the crowd several times and rode down those who could not get out of the way.

In the melee Samuel Dillon, a colored man, was knocked down, kicked in the head by a pony and his skull fractured. A student was injured by a pony trampling upon him, another had a severe wound from a bola, and another was struck by an Indian with one of the same whips and the blow cut the flesh. Many were less severely hurt. The cowboys and Indians were also badly bruised and hurt. While the fight was going on the wagons were driven rapidly away, and when these were safe the circus people retreated.

The students were preparing for a lively time in the evening when President Patton summoned every member of the university to attend a mass meeting. He forbade them to go to the circus at night, and said that if any student disobeyed him it would be at the student's peril. Major Lillojoner of the show, was present and made a speech, which aided in pouring oil on troubled waters.

WANTS A CANADIAN TOWN.

An American Barber Lays Claim to the Real Estate of Guelph, Ont.

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—Samuel A. Connor, a barber, living at Braeburn, will enter suit in the Hamilton (Ontario) Division Court, which meets in June, and lay claim to nearly all the site of Guelph, a town of 15,000 inhabitants. Connor's brother, William, will join in the suit.

Their grandfather, John Connor, was an early settler in Canada and a British soldier during the war of 1812. For services rendered the Government 800 acres of land were allowed him. At the time of his death, more than fifty years ago, none of these tracts was valuable, and his son, John, Jr., who left home at an early age, did not return when his father died, and was thought dead. The land was thought to be without owners and squatters settled upon it. It is now occupied largely by the city of Guelph. It is the sons of John who have undertaken to recover the estate.

GUNBOATS REPEL ATTACK.

Short Encounter Near Calumpit in Which Many Rebels Are Killed.

MANILA (By Cable).—The "tinclad" gunboats Laguna de Bay and Cavadonga and a launch under Captain Grant, ran into a nest of insurgents concealed in the bushes on both sides of the Rio Grande River, three miles above Calumpit, and were received with heavy volleys at short range. A sergeant belonging to the Utah Battery was killed, and one private wounded.

Opening with their rapid-fire guns, the Americans killed twenty of the natives and wounded several others, filling the jungle with a hail of shot for a half hour, until the enemy fled.

Prize Money to Be Returned.

The United States Supreme Court at Washington, has decided the first naval prize money case growing out of the war with Spain, holding that the French steamer Olinde Rodrigues must be returned to her owners.

Train Kills Two in Wisconsin.

A Wisconsin Central train ran down a wagon containing four persons at a crossing at Burlington, Wis., killing Mrs. C. Tintel, of Milwaukee, and August Kleinfeldt, her brother, of Norway, Wis. Joseph Huening, of Waterford, was fatally injured.

The Reichstag to Adjourn.

Emperor William at Berlin, Germany, has consented to adjournment of the Reichstag from July 15 to November 10. Parliamentary authorities believe that this is owing to the Government's wish to prepare a number of important bills.

Cycling Notes.

Cheap wheels are still sold, but not in the number that they were disposed of last year and the year before.

The 1899 models of nearly all makes of wheels are from three to five pounds heavier than those of previous years.

The consensus of opinion in the trade points to an excellent season for the business end of cycling as well as for racing.

It is noticeable that almost every rider has toe-clips, and the habit of using these important little footholders will soon be universal.

Commissioner F. W. Peck, our commissioner to the Paris Exhibition, has secured an additional 8000 feet to be devoted to the display of American bicycles.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Before the Industrial Commission Attorney-General Monnett, of Ohio, detailed the Standard Oil Company's methods and declared that all trusts depended for final success upon railroad discrimination.

Lieutenant William M. Crose, inspector of equipment for the battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky at the shipyards at Newport News, Va., has been appointed Flag Secretary to Admiral Watson, who is to succeed Admiral Dewey.

In the case of Rafael Ortiz, a native of Porto Rico, who was found guilty of the murder of Private John Burke, Company C Forty-seventh New York, at Caguas, Porto Rico, on February 24, and whose sentence of death was communicated to imprisonment for life, the President has directed that he be confined in the Minnesota State prison at Stillwater.

The Comptroller of the Currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Ten per cent., the First National Bank of Ithaca, Mich.; five per cent., the Consolidated Nation Bank of San Diego, Cal.; five per cent., the Union National Bank of Denver, Col.

General Brooke, commanding at Havana Cuba, has informed the War Department that First Lieutenant Harry Whitney, Second Infantry, died of typhoid at Cienfuegos.

Warrants have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury reimbursing several States for expenses incurred in raising troops for the Spanish war. The warrants are as follows: Iowa, $91,483; New Hampshire, $28,358; Florida, $5538.

The body of Colonel H. C. Egbert, who arrived here from Manila, was interred a Arlington Cemetery with full military honors. All the available troops in the vicinity of Washington were ordered out by the War Department, and many distinguished army officers were in attendance upon the funeral exercises.

Domestic.

Governor Stanley, of Kansas, has announced that he would try the conditional pardon plan on the better grade of prisoners in the penitentiary. The condition will be that the person released shall not drink, gamble or loaf.

Mrs. Sarah Newberry, of Yankee Spring Township, Mich., seventy-five years old was assaulted a few days ago and killed.

Lucy Bullock, of Richmond, Va., is dead at the reputed age of 111 years. She was the mother of eight children, the oldest of whom is now in her seventy-fifth year. She could recall the excitement of the war of 1812, but had no personal recollection of Washington.

J. C. Butler, living eighteen miles south of Bentonville, Ark., has been lodged in jail at that place, charged with the murder of his daughter, fifteen years old. The girl was butchered horribly, her head being split open with an ax and her throat cut.

E. F. Boger, former postmaster of Wilkesbarre, Penn., was arrested a few days ago, charged with embezzling money belonging to the Government.

William Macdove, aged seventeen, was killed by lightning at Brooksville, Penn. He had sought shelter from the storm in a shed, lightning struck it a moment later.

A fatal fight was fought at Hancock's Mill, Ga., between John Letter on one side and James Morris and George McLeod on the other, apparently without provocation. After the smoke had cleared away Letter was found killed, McLeod mortally wounded, and Tom Yowmans, a negro who had been standing in range, dangerously wounded in neck.

An experiment is to be tried by the Board of Education, of Westfield, N. J., in the appointment of an auxiliary board of women to assist in the conduct of the public schools of the place. The following have been appointed to the committee: Mrs. Howard MacDougall, Mrs. Paul Phillip, Mrs. Salter Clark, Mrs. Alfred Rea and Mrs. Edgar R. Pearsall.

Warren Brown, twenty-three years old, of Waltham, Mass., was thrown from his bicycle through his rear wheel being struck by an unknown rider. He suffered concussion of the brain, and died two hours after being taken to his home.

C. E. Littlefield, of Rockland, Me., was nominated by acclamation by the Republicans of the Second Maine district as the candidate for Congress to succeed the late Nelson Dingley. Mr. Littlefield accepted in a speech eulogizing Mr. Dingley and approving the course of the national Administration.

Celeste McKenney, fifty-eight years of age, the wife of Harrison C. McKenney, a lawyer, committed suicide at her home in Providence, R. I. She got into a bathtub full of water, and while drowning shot herself behind the right ear.

As a result of swollen streams in the mountain roads fifty miles north of San Antonio, Texas, a stage coach containing Mrs. Emma Lawrence and five passengers was overturned. Mrs. Lawrence and two other passengers were drowned. The accident occurred in a ravine eight miles from Comfort, Texas.

Frank W. McCarthy, one of the most prominent colored citizens in Southwest Georgia, died at his home in Albany, Ga., a few days ago. His funeral was attended by an immense concourse of both whites and blacks. For the first time in the history of Albany, a town of 8000 inhabitants, every store and office was closed in honor of a negro, no business being transacted while the funeral was in progress.

Foreign.

Maria Mershwizka, a woman of noble birth, has been found guilty at St. Petersburg, Russia, of poisoning her sweetheart and two women, owing to jealousy; with kidnapping a child, and with forging documents and bills of exchange. She was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude in Siberia, and to be deprived of her title of nobility.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has gone from London to Skibo Castle, his country seat in Scotland, to avoid the army of persons who are importuning him for subscriptions to all sorts of objects.

The Cuban army leaders have finally agreed to the surrender of arms as a preliminary to the distribution of the $3,000,000, and General Brooke, at Havana, has issued orders for their immediate payment.

A general revolt has broken out on the Ivory Coast of Africa. The rebels fought magazine rifles in Liberia and attacked the French troops twenty-five miles from Tabou. Serious fighting followed, the French losing three officers and forty Senegalese killed and wounded. Several hundred of the rebels are reported to have been killed.

Professor Schurman, President of the United States Philippine Commission, gave a farewell luncheon at Manila to Admiral Dewey, at which Professor Dean C. Worcester and Colonel Charles Denby, of the Commission, with General MacArthur, Mrs. Lawton and others were present. The health of the Admiral was drunk with the utmost cordiality.

King Humbert of Italy has approved the selections for the reconstructed Cabinet made by General Pelloux. The new Ministry will be made up in accordance with the original nominations, except that Signor Pietro Carmine will take the portfolio of Finance, and Signor Salandra will take that of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce, instead of the Finance portfolio, for which he was named at first.

The British gunboat Buzzard has sailed from Halifax, N. S., to join the sloop-of-war Alert on the French treaty shore of Newfoundland.

It is believed in Berlin, Germany, that Russia's latest claims in China will reopen the entire question of Russian and British rights there.

The Spanish Minister of Finance, Marquis Villa Verde, at Madrid, has issued a decree closing immediately the registers of foreign bondholders, in order to decide who is entitled to gold payments on the external debt coupons under the recent law. This course is taken to stop the frauds

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper

Well Answered.

In the course of a lecture to an unimpressionable Scotch audience De Rougemont, talking of "the dear, dead days," explained that he had a good memory and a better imagination. An unbeliever in the unreserved seats persisted in asking unanswerable questions, which ultimately brought out an interesting reflection.

"I have always found," said the wanderer, "that it was enough for one ass to bray at a time."

And thereafter he had peace.

An Honest Admission.

She—You are hypercritical. The fact is, you don't like German opera.

He—Oh, I don't know. It isn't so bad—that is, you know, to a man who is very hard of hearing.—Boston Transcript.

A Pleasant Pose.

"Emeline, you are not happy. What makes you pretend that you are?"

"Because artificial happiness is lots better than none at all."—San Francisco Examiner.

The Last Man Wins.

"They say the secret of success is tenacity of purpose."

"Of course; if you hold on long enough, competitors die off."—Chicago Record.

Is Baby Too Thin?

If so, there must be some trouble with its food. Well babies are plump; only the sick are thin. Are you sure the food is all right? Children can't help but grow; they must grow if their food nourishes them. Perhaps a mistake was made in the past and as a result the digestion is weakened. If that is so, don't give the baby a lot of medicine; just use your every-day common sense and help nature a little, and the way to do it is to add half a teaspoonful of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

to the baby's food three or four times a day. The gain will begin the very first day you give it. It seems to correct the digestion and gets the baby started right again. If the baby is nursing but does not thrive, then the mother should take the emulsion. It will have a good effect both upon the mother and child. Twenty-five years proves this fact.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; conneet at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphio, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.
Successors to John H Ziegler,
Dealers in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,
From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.
CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,
when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.
All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE AMERICAN FARMER.

The American farmer is the best educated, best clothed, best housed, best fed and the most independent cultivator of the soil upon earth, partly because he feeds the people and does it cheaply and does it well

The best statesmanship of our times is that which wisely considers the case of the laborer in the field and shop, to the end that the greatest possible good may be the reward of toil. The old South reduced the fertility of the soil for a century in producing raw maierial for the factories of other sections and other nations. The new South is diversifying its industries, adding skill to field crops and greater value to the product of its mines.

Secretary Wilson, of the National Department of Agriculture, in a recent address, said; The young farmer of the South should study soil rather than the dead languages; he should learn of the plant in preference to ancient history, and of feeding animals before giving time to belles letters. The study of the movement of moisture in the soil will pay better than the study of oratory, and barnyard poultry offers greater reward for their intelligent care than county offices.

NEVER CORRECT

The Democratic theory is never correct in practice, and the disastrous administration of Cleveland from 1893 to 1897 will never be forgotten. It was then that the Democratic party, for the first time since the close of the Civil War, had full control of the Government; and everybody knows what a mess it makes of business. The United States is just now progressing most favorably and there is no reason why we should not still further increase our export trade. The business men are reaching out for foreign trade and they are getting it.

Ex-Senator Peffer, who drew the salary of United States Senator for six years as a Populist, has returned to his first love, the Republican party, saying that he has always been a Republican save on the money question, and "as this seems to have settled itself," he can see no reason why he should dally any longer outside of the old homestead fence.

We believe the American people want the Filipinos conquered and a good government established. We believe it is the devout wish of a large majority of the business element of this country that the Phillppine islands be used in future generations to the profit and advantage of the American people under some sort of territorial government.

A cotemporary says that the Democrats should have fixed a date earlier than June 1900 in which to re-assemble the Legislature. As it is, if many more mistakes and blunders are found they will not have time to correct all of the mistakes of the last legislature before it is time for another one to convene.

Replacing the volunteers in the Phillpines with regulars will occupy the next few weeks. After that, if the Tagals do not ask for peace they will receive some lessons in good behavior.

An increase is reported in the Indian population of the United States. Though the red man was once considered untamable he is not beyond the reach of benevolent assimilation.

A Democratic paper in Brooklyn says; "It would be just like Mr. Bryan to tie free silver and anti imperialism together by their tails and hang them over the clothes line in 1900."

The veterans in the Grand Army posts declare in resolutions that efforts to create dissatisfaction in the army in Luzon are treasonable acts, and they have no doubt about it.

The most eloquent and able argument advanced by Bryan in these days is what he doesn't say regarding increased exports and advancing wages.

Boss Croker finds himself regarded as a political curiosity in England. On this side he is recognized as a monstrosity, though one hard to get rid of.

Democrats realize that free silver is an incubus, but do not know how to shake it off. But then, their party would not be itself without some such foolishness.

Only one regiment of volunteers remain in Cuba and Porto Rico. The government has mustered out the troops as fast as has been practicable.

The Northern Assembly of the Presbyterian Church has voted down carefully prepared plans to reduce its membership.

NO USE.

The New York World is trying to convince the Bryanites that they cannot succeed with "15 to 1." It points out that the silverites have lost Kansas, Washington and Wyoming since 1896, and it might have added South Dakota, since all the Republican candidates except Governor were elected last fall by decided pluralities. This means the loss of seventeen electoral votes in the silver bely. But it is no use; the judgment of Bryan, Altgeld and Jones must be vindicated by reaffirming the Chicago platform.

Cuba is divided at present between a million and a half of people who want to settle down to peaceful industry and a few score of political agitators who are selishly bent on stirring up discord and disorder.

At the Agricultural Department it is learned that the sales of fertilizer tax tax tags are as great as they were last year. Shipments were slow but there was finally a rush.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

LITERARY NOTICES.

A Frightful Blender

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Alex. Wadsworth, druggist.

WASHINGTON LETTER.
(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 19, 1899.

The daily mail of United States Treasurer Roberts has grown wonderfully since the formation of the Dewey Home Fund Committee, of which he is treasurer. Letters containing contributions for the fund are pouring in by every mail. Temporary receipts are forwarded to each contributor, but as soon as the Bureau of Engraving and Printing can do the work a handsome engraved receipt, which will be worthy of preservation as a souvenir, will be sent to each contributor. National banks in almost every secton of the country have made requests to be allowed to co-operate in raising this money, and the committee has decided that they may receive contributions. The committee has not decided upon the amount to be expended for the Washington home for Admiral Dewey, and will not do so until later, but it has decided that what remains of the fund after the purchase of the home shall be invested in good securities for the benefit of the Admiral.

Gen. Otis continues to send satisfactory news. His forces have captured the last capital of the alleged Filipino goverment, and Aguinaldo and his demorlized followers have retired to the mountains to escape capture.

Representative Heatwole, of Minnesota, who is now in Washington, says the expansion question has already become a party one in his State, with the Republicans for and the Democrats against. When asked whether the Republicans would gain or lose on that question, Mr. Heatwole replied: "There will be no trouble in carrying the State for McKinley next year."

The veterans of the civil war are taking an active part in the Speakership campaign, through their organizations and otherwise. They are throwing their influence to Col. Henderson, of Iowa, the only candidate who is an ex-soldier, and will doubtless make some votes for him.

Secretary Alger has sent a number of printed questions concerning the army "canteen" to army officers at every post where a "canteen" is maintained, with the request that they be fully answered. The object of Secretary Alger is to be able to place the facts and figures before Congress that will show beyond question whether the "canteen" is the evil its opponents say it is or the benefit to the soldiers its friends claim it to be. He has no prejudice either way, and would have ordered the "canteen" abolished under the act of the last Congress had not Attorney General Griggs rendered an opinion that the act in question did not affect the status of the "canteen."

Maj. E. F. Taggartf of the Sixth Infantry, who has been doing duty as a commissary officer in Cuba for some time, reported to the War Department this week. He expresses the opinion that our military authorities over there will eventually succeed in getting things upon a satisfactory basis. He says the first things they have to do, and the most difficult, are to provide the masses with an opportunity to living for themselves, and to break up the influence which the influence which the so-called Cuban Generals have over them. He regards these Cuban officers as a troublesome and disturbing element, because they all expect to be provided with offices with good pay and little work. It is their influence, he says, which has retarded the disbandment of the Cuban army; with disbandment they will have to do something to support themselves, and they are unwilling to do anything except hold office.

An Enterprising Firm.

There are few men more wide-awake and enterprising than Alex. Wadworth who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their lines for his many customers. He now has the agency for Dr. King's New Discovery, which surely cures consumption, coughs and colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is now producing so much excitement all over the country, by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Nausea, and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. You can test it before buying by calling at the above drug store and get a trial bottle free, or regular size for 50c and $1.00 Guaranteed to cure, or price refunded.

The more we learn to-day the easier will we learn to-morrow.

Women Should Know It.

Many women suffer untold agony and misery because the nature of their disease is not correctly understood. They have been led to believe that womb trouble or female weakness of some sort is responsible for the many ills that beset womankind.

Neuralgia, nevousness, headache, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, rheumatism, a dragging pain or dull ache in the back, weakness or bearing-down sensation, profuse or scanty supply of urine with strong odor, frequent desire to pass it with scalding or burning sensation, sediment in it after standing in bottle or common glass for twenty-four hours are signs of kidney or bladder trouble.

The above symptoms are often attributed by the patient herself or by her physician to female weakness or womb trouble. Hence so many fail to obtain relief, because they are treating, not the diseaes itself, but a reflection of the primary cause, which ii kidney trouble.

In fact, women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble and both need the same remedy.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is the great discovery of the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is easy to get at any drug store for fifty cants or one dollar.

To prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Kindly mention the North Carolinian and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y.

Arrangements for the Census.

Arrangements for the taking of the twelfth census of the United States have been about completed.

The taking of the twelfth census will not be commenced until the first day of June, 1900, and the enumeration must be completed in 30 days, except in cities of 8,000 population and over, which must be done in two weeks.

The counties will be subdivided into districts, each subdivision containing as near 4,000 population as can be estimated and properly arranged.

One enumerator will be appointed for each subdivision of territory, who must be qualified to do the work promptly, efficiently and well.

The appointment of enumerators will hardly be made before next winter, or at least until the subdivision of the territory has been made.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it Every bottle guaranteed, only 50c Sold by A. Wadsworth druggist.

Murder in Pitt County.

Mention has been made of the murder at Dongola, Pitt county, of young Turnage, a clerk in a store, followed by robbery and arson. Nine arrests were made, but seven persons have been discharged and only two negroes, Cephas Langley and Elijah Joyner, are held. Joyner was "swung up" last week and confessed. He also said that Langley was the first to strike Turnage and told where the bludgen was hidden. It was found.

Hi Robinson's Thrift.

While we were eating breakfast the farmer said: "That remark o' yourn yisteddy about sellin Elmiry the dishes an havin the coffee fer nothin 'minds me o' the way Hi Robinson got somethin fer nothin out o' the storekeeper at the village. You 'member Hi, don't you? He's kinder slow spoken, 'n' some folks calls him foolish. One day I was settin in the store a spell, with a lot more, an in comes Hi. He goes up to Lish, who keeps the store, an takes an egg out o' his pocket an says, 'How'll you swap?' 'Oh, I d'n' kno's I want to swap fer one egg,' says Lish; 'what do you want fer it?' 'A darnin needle.' 'Well, I'll swap with you,' says Lish an took the egg an giv' him the darnin needle.

"Hi stood round awhile, an then he says, drawlin'like, 'Say, ain't you goin to treat?' 'Treat? On one darnin needle?' says Lish. 'Not much.' 'Feller 'cross the way will,' says Hi. Lish grinned. 'All right,' says he, jest to humor him; 'what'll you have?' 'Cider 'n' egg,'' says Hi. That tickled the rest o' us, but Lish brought the cider an broke the egg into it—Hi's own egg—an Hi see it was a double yelker. Hi took up the glass an looked at the egg some time. Then he says, says he, 'Say, hadn't you better gimme 'nother darnin needle?' ''—Forest and Stream.

He Laughed.

A literary man who was compelled by circumstances to use his family sitting room as a study missed his penholder one evening while absorbed in writing a story

He looked over his desk, through the pigeonholes and in the drawers, but it was nowhere in sight. It was not on the floor. He felt behind his ear. It was not there.

"This is what comes," he said impatiently, "of trying to work where there is a houseful of children. Which one of you has taken my pen?"

The children looked at each other and laughed. He became irritated.

"I don't want any foolishness!" he exclaimed. "Where's that pen? Who has taken it?"

After a moment's pause one of the children said slowly:

"If you'll laugh, papa, you will find it."

He stared at her in astonishment. Then, as her meaning slowly broke in upon him, he joined in the laugh, and the penholder fell out of his mouth, where it had been all the time.

How many of the little difficulties of this life one can extricate oneself from by a laugh!—Youth's Companion.

Chowan Commencemezt.

The commencement exercises of the Chowan Baptist Female Institute occur May 28th to 31st. Rev. John E. White preaches the baccalaureate sermon May 28th at 11, a. m. The celebration of the C. G. V. A. and P. N. A. Societies take place May 30, at 8:30, p. m. Ex-Governor Thomas J. Jarvis will deliver the annual address May 31st at 10:30, a. m. The annual concert occurs May 31st at 8:30, p. m.

WINE OF CARDUI
FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: "My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

Populist Editors Against Fusion.

Kansas City, May 16.—The national convention of Populist editors today, by a large majority, declared against further fusion with the Democratic party and against Bryan as a Presidential candidate, Ignatius Donnelly, in a speech, said the Democratic party deserved defeat in '96, and Bryan would be beaten if renominated. One editor declared that if the Populists nominated Bryan he would vote for McKinley and get a Gatling gun ready for civil war.

The Mystery of Sausage.

The composition of the sausage is not only complex, but it is often obscure. In this country the preparation of this (as it should be) useful article of food is confined to the employment of minced beef and pork. The only exception probably is the so called "black pudding," which is made with pig's blood and perhaps some heart and kidney.

Abroad, however, the sausage is compounded of a much wider range of substances. These include brains, liver and horseflesh. The last substance is generally considered repugnant, while, of course, it is fraudulent to sell sausages as beef or pork containing horseflesh. Occasionally, however, sausages do not contain meat at all, but only bread tinged with red oxide of iron and mixed with a varying proportion of fat. The remarkable feature of horseflesh is the high proportion of glycogen which it contains, and this fact enables the presence of horseflesh to be detected with some amount of certainty. The test which depends on a color reaction with iodine has recently been more carefully studied and with more satisfactory results, so that the presence of 5 per cent of horseflesh in sausages can be detected.—Lancet.

A Street Hustler.

"What's your business?" asked the police magistrate of a man who was before him for abusing his wife because supper was not ready.

"I'm a street hustler," was the reply.

Explanations showed, says the New York Herald, that the man represented a large number of fellows in New York who have no regular occupation, but nevertheless manage to make a good living, particularly at this time of the year. They loiter around the streets until they see a vanload of furniture going somewhere. Then they follow the wagon, oftentimes for miles. The wagon drivers do not take kindly to these men and will not let them ride.

Men who are "handy with their hands," as it was explained to the magistrate, have no difficulty in getting a job laying carpets, cleaning windows and furnaces or hanging ont clotheslines. It is a poor wagon chase that does not net from $3 to $4 a load. Sometimes, when two or more men are following the same load, competition is keen. The wagon driver whips his horses, and the prize falls to the man who has the fleetest foot and the greatest wind power.

A Sense of Security.

"Eudora," said Mr. Cumrox, "I have been several times annoyed by the way you see fit to worry about my grammar."

"It's awful," said his wife. "You use commas where they don't belong, and you forget all about your periods. You'll lose all your friends."

"Eudora, let me remind you that I have money enough to float any scheme I take a fancy to. A man may be loose on his punctuation, but when he enjoys my facilities for a capitalization he is bound to have friends that he couldn't lose if he tried."—Washington Star.

Benny's Failure.

Benny, the 4-year-old member of the family, had been trained to believe in the deep water form of baptism. This is believed to be the reason why he was trying to plunge the household cat into a bucket of water. The animal resisted. It howled and scratched and clawed and used violent language. Finally Benny, with his hands covered with scratches and with tears in his eyes, gave it up. "Darn you!" he said. "Go an be a Methodis' if you want to!"—Chicago Tribune.

Impudence.

"I have just learned," she said, with a perceptible tinge of asperity, "that I am the ninth girl to whom you have been engaged."

"Well," he suavely replied, "that ought to make you glad."

"Glad!" she exclaimed. "I'd like to know why?"

"Don't you know," he answered, "that there's luck in odd numbers?"—Chicago News.

She Ought to Make Him Confess.

During the first three months of every engagement the girl makes a confessional of the man. Later she wishes she hadn't confessed so much.—Atchison Globe.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take; try them. Only 25cts. Money back if not cured. Sold by A. Wadsworth druggist.

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NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S

Modern Surgery.

"The average man would be greatly surprised to know how far the surgical world has moved in the last quarter of a century," said a prominent New Orleans practitioner. "It's hard to realize, even for one in the profession. We do things as a matter of course at present that only a few years ago would have been looked upon as downright murder.

"I remember back in the seventies I was called to attend a man who was shot through the intestines with buckshot, making a number of perforations. I promptly opened the abdominal cavity and sewed up the wounds, which at that time was regarded as a wildly daring operation. The man died from unavoidable complications, and his friends were determined to prosecute me for killing him. In fact, I had a close squeak from unpleasant consequences, for a great many other surgeons condemned my procedure in the severest terms.

"Just think of it! Today things are exactly reversed, and a surgeon who failed to open the abdomen in such a case would undoubtedly be punished for malpractice. This is one instance out of many. It is no exaggeration to say that the modern surgeon saves thousands of lives that his earlier brothers would have abandoned without an effort. 'Necessarily fatal' would have been the verdict and the sufferer assisted into the valley of the shadow by a merciful opiate."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Effort to Create Life.

The news that Wohler had obtained, in 1828, out of inorganic stuffs a certain substance, urea, which occurs in nature as a distinct product of vital activity in animals, upset current ideas. Then, later on, Liebig in Germany and Frankland in this country made several important syntheses, and in 1860 Berthelot published his epoch making work, "Organic Chemistry Based Upon Synthesis," in which he proved that the synthesis of organic bodies must be pursued and may be achieved in a quite systematic way, going step by step over the whole series of organic compounds.

At the present time about 180 different acids, aromatic oils, fats, coloring matters, and so on, which are only found in nature as products of vital activity, have already been prepared in our laboratories out of inorganic matter. Some of them are already fabricated in this way for trade. Every year brings some new achievement in the same direction; so that the main interest now lies, not so much in adding a new product to the already long list of chemically prepared organic substances, as in catching the secrets of the tiny living laboratories in the vegetable and animal cells.—Prince Krapotkin in Nineteenth Century.

The New York World

Thrice-a-Week Edition.

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The striking and important events of the last year have established the overwhelming value of The Thrice-a-Week World to every reader. For an almost nominal sum it has kept its subscribers informed of the progress of all our wars and, moreover, has reported them as promptly and fully as if it was a daily. With our interest still extending throughout the world, with our troops operating in the Philippines, and the great Presidential campaign, too, at hand, its value is further increased.

The motto of The Thrice-a-Week Word is improvement. It strives each year to be better than it was the year before, and public confidence in it is shown by the fact that it now circulates more than twice as many papers every week as any other newspaper, not a daily, published in America.

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Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrators of the late Daniel S. Kramer We hereby give notice to all persons in debted to his estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

EVA KRAMER,
C. E. KRAMER,
Administrators.
Elizabeth City, N. C. May 4th, 1899.

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REGULATE THE LIVER
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CANDY CATHARTIC — ..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

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Two of a Kind.

Teacher—What is tautology?

Boy—Repetition.

Teacher—Give me an example.

Boy—We are going to have sheep's head for dinner, and my sister Elsie's young man is coming to dinner also.

Teacher—Go up top.—London Fun.

Cause For a Razor Duel.

Miss Johnsing—Don't Mistah Jeffahson look swell. Jes' see de flash ob his diamon' stud!

Mr. Jackson—Diamon' nuffin! Dat am a discarded papahweight from de bank wha' he am potah!—Jewelers' Weekly.

The use of coats of arms as a badge for different families did not come into practice till the twelfth century. The Germans are said to have originated it, while the French developed the science.

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The Semi-Weekly Tribune, printed Tuesdays and Fridays, is one of the best general newspapers in the country for a wide-awake farmer, professional man, merchaut, manufacturer or mechanic. It saves the necessity of buying other newspapers. It supplements admirably a local daily; many people take it in place of one.

The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers

STORIES OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors.

PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT.

With Friday's number there is an Illustrated Supplement, 20 to 24 pages, printed on specially fine paper, full of delightful reading, enlivened with from thirty to fifty half-tone or other pictures. Sample copies of Friday's issue will be sent free on application The Supplement contains two pages of humor, book reviews; short stories; dramatic and musical criticisms; the fine work of great architects and artists letters from abroad; and in fact, the whole range of higher topics in which intelligent men and women are deeply interested. The Supplement is the cream of the whole week's work in The Tribune Office.

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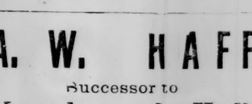

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Collector of Customs—Palemon Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

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Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch Luke Pierce, pastor St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge paster; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Steward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; R. H. Commander, N. G.; Clay Norcum, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ry; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

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Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; Luther Hollowan, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper. W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor Gaston Pool; Board of Education John D. Palmer, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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☞ Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, May 25, 1899.

☞ All the crops are growing.

☞ Fine weather for outdoor work.

☞ Bishop Watson will make his annual visitation at Elizabeth City on Sunday, June 4th.

☞ The Chowan Baptist Association was held this week at Whiteville Grove, Perquimans county.

☞ The Elizabeth City and Pasquotank Trotting Club announce several races at the Park on the 4th of July.

☞ The barn, with contents, of Mr. George H. Reid, at Weeksville, were consumed by fire one night last week. No insurance.

☞ Beneath the surface there is quite a stir among the Democrats of Elizabeth City as to who shall have the Municipal offices from Mayor down to Police. In the muddle, may the best men win.

☞ The Naval Reserves left on the steamer Neuse on Saturday evening for Southport, where they will join the other Divisions of the North Carolina Naval Battallion for a cruise on the United States Steamer Prairie They expect to be absent ten days.

☞ Commodore Theo. White passed through on Saturday on his way to Pamlico where his suit against the parties attempting to remove him from the office of Shell Fish Commissioner will be heard before Judge Bowman this week. He gave us a call.

☞ Capt. R. S. Daniels, Keeper of North River Light Station, has been transferred to the Keepership of York Spit, Va., Light Station. He has a record as one of the best Keepers in the service. He is succeeded by Capt. A. W. Simpson, of Cape Hatteras.

☞ Mr. C. W. Grice and Dr. J. B. Griggs are off to Nag's Head with a force of hands to put the pier and hotel in order for the season. They will rebuild the pier and light it up with new automatic lights, and make changes and improvements about the hotel.

☞ Mr Moss W. Broughton, of Portsmouth, Va., and Miss Gertrude Morrisette, of Philadelphia, arrived on the Norfolk and Southern train on the 19th inst, obtained a license and were married at the Arlingtonby Rev. R. C. Beaman, pastor of the Methodist Church. A Gretna Green affair.

☞ Our popular townsman M. B. Culpepper has been a Magistrate a little over twenty years, and during that time he has united in the bonds of wedlock 306 couples. If they did not, every one, prove happy unions we feel sure the fault has not been his.

☞ The local correspondent of the Virginian gives Street Commissioner W. H. Keaton the following merited notice :

The good work being done by the street force is in evidence and is due to the efficiency of Commissioner Keaton. He shows good judgment in the work done. The improvements he is making are of a permanent character.

☞ The Town Commissioners have appointed J. A. Hooper and J. B Leigh the Finance Committee. During the four years that the Republicans have had control they have made their Finance Committees nonpartisan by always selecting a representative Democrat as one of the members. It is the course that should be adopted by all parties, but it has not been.

☞ At the meeeting of the Building Association of the Methodist Church last week, it was decided to raise $20,000 for the purpose of building the new Church. In addition to the $8,000 that had been subscribed the following subscriptions were taken : Dr. W. J. Lumsden, $500; N. R. Zimmerman, $250; P. S. Shipp, $100; T. S. Wells, $100; Miss Mary L. Mann, $100; S. M. S. Rollinson, $100, and Mrs O. F. Cook, $100. It appears to be the impression that the location of the new Church will be on the West side of the lot where the old one stands,

☞ With this issue the CAROLINIAN enters upon its thirty-first year. As has already been stated, it is the oldest paper in the State that has had no change of editor or proprietor. Its policy for the future may be judged by its past. It will continue to advocate the fundamental principles of the National Republican Party, and especially will it keep on supporting every enterprise calculated to benefit our people—every measure looking to the upbuilding and improvement of our City. It has tried to be what a well conducted Home Newspaper ought to be, and judging from its clientage and the testimonials of its readers, it has the gratifying assurance that it has succeeded.

☞ Talent follows the voice of praise; it is the siren that leads astray.

☞ Most people live in their thoughts, and the flavor of them is largely of their own making.

☞ He who cannot keep silence never gains ascendency. In action, spend yourself; in speech, spare yourself.

☞ A little vanity and a little gratification of senses—these are what make up the life of the majority of men and women.

☞ A German biologist says a man's brain is renewed every two months The thought arises that in some cases it might be well to avoid duplication.

☞ An Englishman traveling in this country is "struck with the sobriety of the people." We hope he has the same experience at home.

☞ A cotemporary says, "Some editors are always trying to be witty, and often fail." His readers might add that others seem always trying to be stupid and never fail.

☞ The New York Trade Journals state that the volume of all business through clearing houses, outside of New York, has been 29.7 per cent larger than last year for May, thus far.

☞ "In announcing the collection," remarked a certain pastor, "I shall repeat that he that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord, only adding that the Lord has no use for brass buttons except as mementoes of the donors."

☞ The importance of using plenty seed may be mentioned from the fact that only 30 per cent germinates on the average The conditions of the soil, kind of seed, its age, and depth of planting must be considered, but the rule to be observed is to use rather more seed than too little.

☞ Little boys and girls will learn from the twentieth century maps the relative location of the British West Indies, the Dutch West Indies, the Danish West Indies, and the American West Indies. Perhaps the maps of the twenty-first century may show only one kind of West Indies.

☞ To a question "How should a man secure a position as railroad postal clerk?" the CAROLINIAN replies: He should apply to the Civil Service Commission at Washington, and having filled out the application blank that will be sent, should return it to the Commission. He will then be notified when the next examination takes place. One feature of the examination for this branch of the service is exercise in reading manuscript addresses.

☞ We spent some time one day last week visiting the several departments of the Colored State Normal School. We were impressed with the perfect system and the thoroughness of the instruction. The Principal. Prof. P. W. Moore, has done and is doing a grand work, and with his faithful and efficient Assistants the School has taken rank with the best of its kind in the State. The Commencement Exercises are in progress this week. The baccalaurate address will be delivered to-morrow night by Rev. Dr. W. S. Penick, pastor of the White Baptist Church. His subject will be "A Diploma and What to Do With It."

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞ Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:50 and will set to-night at 7:03.—Everybody is wondering who will be the next Mayor.—The Olive is on Scott's Ways for overhauling.—The tinckle of the ice in the pitcher is pleasant music now.—Mr. C. B. Bliven spent a few days at his old home at Manteo last week.—Good order is the foundation of all good things.—The Citizens Bank expects to be ready for business by July 1.—Nothing dies so hard or rallies so often as intolerance.—Miss Birdie Kramer, after an absence of several months, has returned.—"Bachelorhood must be an ideal state," remarked the Maid. "I suppose so." replied the Bachelor, "it is not in the union"—Mrs. Dr. W. B. Fearing and children, of Manteo, have been visiting relatives in the city.—Good things go as easily as bad things come.—The steamer Norman L. Wagner and three other vessels are on Willey's Ways for repairs.—Some people grow round-shouldered carrying around a feeling of responsibility for things that are none of their business.—Saith the Versifier:

If you're wise you will remember that
it is a risky plan
To form opiuions from the clothes that
cover up a man.
For no doubt you're sometimes noticed
as through life you jog,
That the most expensive collar oft
adorns a worthless dog.

—Mr. Percy S. Vaughan contracted with Mr. John Martin for a handsome residence on West Burgess street.—Love and the toothache are sworn enemies.—Miss Lula Ives, of Newbern, is visiting the family of Mr. H. C Godfrey on South Road street.—There are now four Chinese loundries in Elizabeth City.—Elisha Overton, contractor, kept busy He has several buildings under way.—Gossip is a cartridge fired from the gun of idle curiosity.—Some things go without saying, and some go without going.—Mr. John Martin while at work on a new building for Mr. M. N Sawyer on Cypress street, accidently struck his knee with a hatchet the other day, inflicting a painful wound. It was dressed by Dr. J. E. Wood —A warning paragraph often saves a chapter of explanation.—

What of the rain? Each drop of dew
From clouds that hide a bend of blue,
Falls on a rose that blooms for you.

—The wise man knows enough to conceal what he doesn't know.—Contractors Chilcutt & Bramble have a number of buildings under way, at each of which they have a force at work—"And when he became engaged all he did was to kiss my hand," said a certain young lady to an acquaintance. "Yes; I've heard his mother say he was the kind of a boy who would make one piece of candy last him a week," said her companion. —The delegates who attended the Baptist Convention report that they had a very satisfactory and enjoyable time.—Writes the Poet:

Four things a man must learn to do;
If he would make his record true:
To think without confusion clearly;
To love his fellow man sincerely;
To act from honest motives purely;
To trust in God and Heaven securely.

—A man with an elastic imagination is apt to mistake it for his conscience, —Solicitor Geo. W. Ward is attending Pamlico court this week —"I should like to be informed," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "of the whyness of the fact that the more sisters a young fellow has the less reverence he has for women?"—Lots of men go where duty calls, then stand around with their hands in their pockets after they get there.—The location of the Public Building is a matter of a good deal of local interest. Where will it be? Who can tell?—There are a good many people who can appreciate the following stanza:

Tho old, old story he told me again;
No breathing of love's tender lay,
But his old romance to hold off the
bill
He had promised so often to pay.

—We acknowledge a call the other day from our good friend Edward Markham jr., of Salem. Such visits are always appreciated.—I. M. Meekins, esq., left on Saturday on a professional trip to Richmond and New York.—Mr. A. K. Kramer left on Saturday for Everetts, N. C., to visit a sick relative.—Our young friend Richard Lamb, who has attended the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Raleigh, has returned home.—Mrs. D. S. Pierson on Riverside Avenue, died on the 19th inst. Age about 40 years.—Miss Ida J. Flora, who has been attending St. Mary's School at Raleigh, has returned home.—Mrs. Addie Jackson, of Norfolk, is visiting the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Chapman on Dyer street.—The annual Children's Day services took place at the Methodist Church Sunday. The exercises were participated in by the Sunday School and rendition of an interesting program was enjoyed by a large congregation. A liberal contribution was realized for the mission fund.—Sheriff Bartlett, of Camden, was in the city on Monday. He called and paid his respects. —It was cool enough on Tuesday for thicker clothing and sitting room fires.—Mr. J. B. Pinner, the leading merchant and business man of East Lake, was in town on Tuesday. He gave us a pleasant call.—Read the Bicycle advertisement of Hathaway Brothers.—W. D. Pruden esq., of Edenton, was in the City this week on professional business.—Several of our town folks attended the Peace Jubilee at Washington City this week. —There was a Ladies' Prayer Meeting in the lecture room of the Baptist Church on Tuesday afternoon.—There was a "Song Recital," by a select party from Norfolk, at the Academy on Tuesday night, for the benefit of the Methodist SundaySchool Library.—Capt. Wm. H. Basnight, the famous "Bear Hunter" of Dare, was in town yesterday. He called and paid his respects.—Mrs W. D. Williams is quite ill at her home on Dyer street —I. M. Meekins esq., returned yesterday from his professional trip.—The W. C. T. U. will meet at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mrs C. W. Hussey, on Parsonage street.

Snakes have the sense of smell. It is difficult to obtain food for the rattlesnakes and copperheads out at the zoological park. The keeper has been trying them on the house rats and mice he has caught about the building. He would leave them in the snake cage overnight and through the day. They would run over the snakes with impunity. The snakes would pay no attention to them, but when he happened to secure some field mice and put them in the cage the snakes ate them at once. He put in several rats and mice of the ordinary house variety that were living out of doors under the sidewalk, and these were seized by the snakes almost as readily as the wild species.

The keeper then conceived the idea of making an earth box to keep the rats in for awhile before feeding, and he found that if they were put in there for 12 hours or so before they were given to the snakes they would be eaten. The only apparent explanation is that the smell of the earth is agreeable to the snakes, and that the smell which the animals acquire about buildings is objectionable.—Chicago Record.

Safeguards.

"The cashier informed me," said the president, "that he was strongly tempted to skip with the funds, but that he locked himself up with them and prayed over them all night and overcame the temptation."

"I know it," said the chief director. "I had a detective at his door, one at each window and one on the roof—at the chimney flue—while he was praying."—Atlanta Constitution.

Reciprocity.

"Where do actresses get all their pretty little tricks of high bred manner?"

"They imitate the society girls in the boxes."

"And where do society girls get all their fascinating little ways?"

"Why, they imitate the actresses on the stage."—Chicago Record.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is on every wrapper.

MELICK.

MATTINGS.

Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS.

Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Phildelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.

WINDOW SHADES

to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.

WALL PAPER.

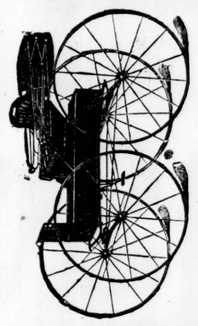
Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.

FURNITURE.

We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.

MELICK, WATER ST.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of ***Riding Vehicles.*** Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.

Repair Work a Specialty.

76 & 78 Poindexter St.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

NEW GROCERY STORE,

We have just opened up a splendid line of

Pure and Fresh Groceries,

consisting of
FLOUR, MEAL,
HAMS, BACON.
MACKEREL, AND
a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.

Molases, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all kinds of Jellies.

Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season.

In fact we can supply your table for

Breakfast, Dinner and Supper.

We keep Soaps for the Toilet an Laundry; Tobacco, Snuff Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. We buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with us. Give a call and be convinced.

Berry & Bliven,

MAIN STREET, NEAR WATER.

VICK'S.

Bulbs and Plants have gone to thousands of satisfied Customers for a half century and to celebrate the 50th year in business we have issued a Special Golden Wedding Edition of

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

which is a work of art. It has 24 pages lithographs in colors, 4 pages souvenir, and nearly 100 pages filled with handsome half-tone illustrations of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Fruits, etc., elegantly bound in white and gold. A marvel in Catalogue making; an authority on all subjects pertaining to the garden, with cash or the same, and a descriptive catalogue of all that is desirable. It is too expensive to give away indiscriminately, but we want everyone interested in good garden to have a copy, therefore we will send

the Guide with a DUE BILL for 25 cents worth of flower and vegetable seeds } 15ct

It tells how credit is given for full amount of purchase to buy other goods.

Vick's Little Gem Catalogue FREE

A perfect little gem of a price list. It is simply the Guide condensed, finely illustrated, and in handy shape for reference.

Vicks Monthly Magazine,

enlarged, improved, and up to date on all subjects relating to Gardening, Horticulture, etc. Regular subscription price 50 cents a year.

Special 1899 offer—the Magazine one year and Vick's Garden and Flora Guide, for 25 cents.

OUR NEW PLAN of selling Vegetable Seeds gives you more for your . . . money than any other seed house in America.

JAMES VICKS SONS
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Commencement week.

Miss Ella Forbes left Thursday for Fish House, N. J.

Rev. Clayton preached a special sermon to the Good Samaritans last Sunday.

W. S. Bogue, a succesful teacher of Perquimans, is spending this week in the city.

Rev. M. W. D. Norman was in Greensboro Sunday to deliver the annual sermon to the A. & M. College.

Mrs. Martha Wilson, of Currituck, has been spending a few days with friends in the community.

J. J. Harvey, of Norfolk, returned home yesterday after having spent a day or two here.

Revs. Fleming, Norman, Berry, Williams and others are attending the Association at Jamesville.

N. J. Simmons and wife, Misses E. M. Midgett and G. A. Harrell, and Mrs. Frances Etheridge, of Manteo are in the city this week.

We are informed that Rev. Russell, of Goldsboro, will preach the annual sermon to the N. and I. Institute Sunday morning at Mount Lebanon Church.

Rev. R. H. Dix, of Edenton, will preach at the Preyortown Mission at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon and Mt. Lebanon at night.

The Public School will close a prosperous and successful session tomorrow afternoon. The closing exhibition will be held Monday evening in the old Opera House on Poindexter street.

Through the efforts of Prof P. W. Moore it seems to be now an assured fact that a county institute for teachers will be held here in July. The need of such has been evident for some time and it is hoped that every teacher in the county and every friend to education and general progress will join forces and help make it a permanent success.

The annual closing exercises of the State Normal School are being held this week. The exercises held so far have been interesting and commendable. Hon. J. C. Dancy, of Wilmington, will deliver the annual address at Mount Lebanon Church to-night, and on to-morrow night in Olive Branch Church the commencement will be held with the baccalaureate address by Dr. W. S. Penick (white) of the First Baptist Church.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Vigal, the traveling evangelist have been holding a series of open air meetings and have also preached in some of the churches since their arrival here last week.

Mr. Elisha Overton made a brief visit to Edenton last week to look after some business interest there.

The program of the Teachers' Association presented at the Normal Building last evening was interesting and practical. The immediate object of the meeting was to bring the teachers more in touch with parents and patrons of the school.

Posters are out announcing the observance of Memorial Day, Tuesday May 30th. After the decoration of graves the memorial address will be delivered by Capt. Mebane.

The sermon to the State Normal School by Rev. W. A Byrd, of Newbern, last Sunday morning, was sound, logical and full of thought. Rev. Byrd is a scholarly, christian gentleman, a graduate of both Biddle and Princeton and at present pastor of the Presbyterian Church in his city.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIRGROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

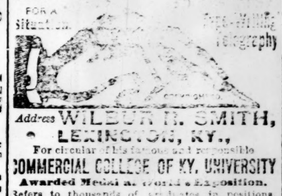
Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 to you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.



Address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.,
For circular this famous and responsible
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY
Awarded Medal at World's Exposition.
Refers to thousands of graduates in positions. Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about $50. Shorthand, Type-Writing and Telegraphy, Specialties. ☞ The Kentucky University Diploma, under seal, awarded graduates. Literary Course free, if desired. No vacation. Enter now. Graduates successful. *In order to have your letters reach us, address only,* WILBUR R SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY

Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by this doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES
CONNECTED
and **UNDER 1**
LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

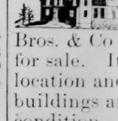
Moses Weisel,

N. G Grandy & C
BROKERS
Agents for Woldrige's High Class
FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

A Valuable House and Lot For Sale.



I offer my house and lot, near the Mill of Kramer Bros. & Co., on Martin street for sale. It is a desirable location and the house, outbuildings and lot are in good condition. K. KRAMER, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes Tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Aching and Sweating Feet. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Nearly three million Congo walking sticks are imported into the United States every year.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Germany publishes 6533 periodicals of various kinds.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

The enlistment of a British soldier is for seven years.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

James A. Allen, of Palmyra, Wis., has been a Justice of the Peace for fifty years.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The Island of Luzon in the Philippines has the same area as Ohio.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. H. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1895.

As many as 4000 dates have been gathered from a single palm.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

It is estimated that one person in a thousand dies of unrequited love.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Lake navigation is now open, and the movement of grain eastward is heavy.

Campbell's Malarial Specific.

Guaranteed cure for all Malarial diseases At all druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents J. B. CAMPBELL, Suffern, N. Y.

Men possess the power of adaptibility to a greater degree than women.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Marine underwriters paid $12,000,000 in losses on sea last year.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

There has been a decrease in accidents in the Swiss Alps this year compared with last year.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Germany's production of iron amounts in nine months to nearly 5,500,000 tons.

"The Prudent Man Setteth His House in Order."

Your human tenement should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Erysipelas—"My little girl is now fat and healthy on account of Hood's Sarsaparilla curing her of erysipelas and eczema." MRS. H. O. WHEATLEY, Port Chester, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Horse Killed by Snakes.

Abram Robeson, near Grantsburg, Ind., while hunting for a stray horse, which had been missing for two days, noticed a large blacksnake which retreated toward a cave formed by an overhanging ledge of rocks in one of the high bluffs surrounding his pasture land. His horse was found lying in this cavern, but covered with what looked to him like a mountain of snakes, so numerous were the reptiles. Robeson obtained his shotgun and opened fire, continuing until his cartridges were exhausted. After the battle he counted the bodies of 413 snakes, lying around and over the body of his horse, which was dead, while many reptiles escaped in a wounded condition. He believes that his horse, which was a magnificent animal weighing 1000 or more pounds, had been charmed by the reptiles, so that he was powerless to escape, and he had finally succumbed through weakness. —New York Press.

WOMEN are assailed at every turn by troubles peculiar to their sex. Every mysterious ache or pain is a symptom. These distressing sensations will keep on coming unless properly treated.

The history of neglect is written in the worn faces and wasted figures of nine-tenths of our women, every one of whom may receive the invaluable advice of Mrs. Pinkham, without charge, by writing to her at Lynn, Mass.

WOMEN WHO NEED MRS. PINKHAM'S AID

MISS LULA EVANS, of Parkersburg, Iowa, writes of her recovery as follows:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I had been a constant sufferer for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb, leucorrhœa, heart trouble, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, ached all over, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. My heart trouble was so bad that some nights I was compelled to sit up in bed or get up and walk the floor, for it seemed as though I should smother. More than once I have been obliged to have the doctor visit me in the middle of the night. I was also very nervous and fretful. I was utterly discouraged. One day I thought I would write and see if you could do anything for me. I followed your advice and now I feel like a new woman. All those dreadful troubles I have no more, and I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure cure for leucorrhœa. I am very thankful for your good advice and medicine."

Concerning Plaster Casts.

"Plaster casts are now entirely relied upon in sprains as far as the limbs are concerned," exclaimed a well-known surgeon to a Star reporter, "as well as in the treatment of fractures. And beyond the cast there is no further treatment necessary. The cast should, however, not be put on until the inflammation in consequence of the injury has disappeared. To reduce the inflammation continuous application of hot water is found to be the most efficacious remedy. When once the inflammation has gone down an antiseptic bandage should be put on the injured part, and on this the plaster bandage and splints. This encases the hand, arm, foot or leg in a plaster boot, which keeps its place and keeps the injured part intact. The cast should be kept on as long as possible—at least a week under all circumstances, and in cases of a sprained foot, ankle or leg, for ten days or longer. In cases of injury caused by a sprain of the ankle or foot the plaster cast should under no circumstances be removed in less than a week, for the greatest care is required in their treatment, otherwise the injury becomes permanent."—Washington Star.

Dr. James B. Hodgkin, of Washington, owns a pair of silver spurs worn by General Robert E. Lee on the day of his surrender.

Personally Conducted Tourist Excursion to California Without Change of Cars.

Leaving Washington, D. C., every Tuesday and Friday, the Southern Railway, "Piedmont Air Line" and Sunset Route, will operate Personally Conducted Tourist Excursions to San Francisco, Cal., without change of cars, via Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans, Houston, San Antonio, New Mexico, Arizona and Southern California. The cars are the very latest pattern of Pullman Tourist Sleepers, beds equal to any standard sleeper, lunch, lavatory, private apartment for ladies. Three and one-half days to Mexico and Arizona, four days to Los Angeles and Southern California, and five days to San Francisco, Portland, Oregon, through the semi-tropical gardens of the South, and via picturesque Mt. Shasta in seven days with only one change of cars. Tacoma and Seattle, Washington, afternoon of seventh day. Tourist carfare less than any other route; railroad fare the same, effecting saving of $25.00 to $30.00.

Return service leaving San Francisco Tuesdays and Fridays.

For information and reservations, inquire of A. J. Poston, Gen'l Agt., California Tourist Lines, 511 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., or Alex. S Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agt., 271 Broadway, New York.

The Free Methodist Church of America has about 25,000 members.

America's greatest physicians have conquered La Grippe and its after effects. Their treatment has been thoroughly tested in the hospitals of Europe and of this country, and is embodied in Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

Rev. H. B. Dye, of Morrison, Iowa, writes: "Mrs. Dye had a bad attack of La Grippe which settled on her lungs. She used Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, with most decided good effects, which is a repetition of past experience with her. Nothing is so prompt and positive in its effects on the lungs."

You should write for free advice and a copy of Dr. Kay's Home Treatment, an illustrated book of 116 pages of receipts, etc. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

China has begun the manufacture of smokeless powder.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions has sent several medical missionaries to the Philippines.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

In Austria fourteen is the legal age for marriage for both men and women.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

More women become insane on account of love affairs than men.

When Rival Babes Met.

Two rival mothers with rival babies sat opposite each other in a "blue car" the other day, en route for the great east side.

One infant was pretty and the other wasn't, and the beauty child got so much attention, so many chucks under the chin, and such quantities of foolish talk flung at it that the mother of the neglected child grew pale with anger and envy.

"I felt so sorry for her," said the friend who told me this, "that I paid her poor little one some slight attentions, which so encouraged its mother that she became another being as it were and broke out as follows:

"'Shure beauty isn't everythin' in a child, ma'am. My Patsey ain't no picture child, but if he grows up good an' honest an' hard workin' that's better than good looks, which is the ruin of many.'"

"Then she glanced over at the opposition baby and added meaningly:

"'There's been a plenty of robbers and murderers that was good lookin'.'"

And my friend left the car in some haste to avoid the impending storm that was gathering in the eyes of the mother who sat on the opposite side of the car.—New York Herald.

FOREIGN CLAIMS IN CUBA.

Demands For Damages Will Be Pressed Against This Country.

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS INVOLVED

Residents From England, France and Germany Have Presented Claims For Large Amounts as Indemnity For Their Property Destroyed in the Insurrection—The Status of the Demands.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The State Department has been informally advised that claims aggregating a considerable amount have been made by British, French, and German residents in Cuba during the recent insurrection, and that these ultimately will be pressed against the United States Government. The claims themselves have not yet been presented, but are being collected by the several Foreign Offices as the claimants send them in. In some cases schedules have been made and the aggregate stated to the authorities here. The French claims aggregate between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000. The German claims are understood to be slightly under those of the French, while the British claims are said to be considerably more than either the French or German.

These foreign claims are quite distinct from those of citizens of the United States, originally against Spain for damages sustained in Cuba during the insurrection. The peace treaty specifically provided for these American claimants, releasing Spain and stating that the United States would make such settlement as was proper. Under this clause, claims aggregating several millions have been filed. No provision, however, was made by the treaty for foreign claimants, and there appears to be much doubt as to who is liable since the sovereignty over Cuba has passed out of the hands of Spain, The United States having undertaken to look after the American claimants, the foreigners are desirous of being treated in the same manner. It was stated at one of the foreign establishments that there was no disposition to push the claims unduly, but to bring them to the attention of the United States Government, in order that the question of liability might be determined and such relief granted as the merits of the cases warranted.

It is appreciated in these foreign quarters that payments will be largely a matter of discretion with the United States, as the obligation to look after the American claimants was assumed voluntarily, and there is no obligation, either in the treaty or on general principles of law, for assuming the claims growing out of Spain's inability to maintain order in Cuba during the period of Spanish rule.

These foreign claims cover damages to plantations, personal property, etc., of French, British and German residents of Cuba, and are not connected with the bonded debt of Cuba in foreign hands, which debt was assumed by Spain.

ALLIGATORS DEVOUR TWO TOTS.

Parents Fought Desperately to Save Their Babies, But in Vain.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (Special).—Alligators a few days ago attacked Paul R. Nagele and his family, who were camping on the bank of a bayou or lagoon running out from the shore of Espontos Lake, in Dimmit County.

The lake, although far inland, is literally alive with alligators. Nagele had been warned by a settler not to camp too near the lake, but he ignored the warning. During the night he was aroused by the uneasiness of his horses. Going to them to ascertain the cause, he was attacked by an alligator. He beat it off with an axe. His wife cried for assistance, and when he reached her an alligator had their four-year-old girl in its jaws. While attemping to rescue the child the mother dropped an infant from her arms, which was seized by another alligator. The distressed parents were powerless to give aid to the little ones.

RUSSIAN DEMANDS IN CHINA.

Empire Declines to Yield to Certain Requests For Railroad Franchises.

SHANGHAI (By Cable).—The Tsung-li-Yamen, Chinese Foreign Office, has replied to the Russian Minister at Pekin, M. de Giers, that the Government is unable to accede to the Russian demand for a new railway concession connecting Pekin with Russia's present system in Manchuria.

Not since the taking of Port Arthur by Russia have the Chinese been so agitated as over this demand. The concession asked for would ruin the existing northern railways, in which British capital to the amount of $10,000,000 is invested; but there seems to be no alternative route without interfering with the plans for railway extension which the Chinese themselves have in mind.

SCHOONER AND CREW LOST.

The Nelson Founders in Lake Superior Off Grand Marais in a Heavy Gale.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich. (Special).—The schooner Nelson, deeply laden with a cargo of coal, foundered in Lake Superior, off Grand Marais, and all hands went down with her. Those on the schooner consisted of the following: Captain Andrew Haghney, of Toledo; the Captain's wife and two-year-old child, Frank Hans, sailor, residence unknown, and six sailors, names unknown.

At the time of the disaster the wind was blowing a gale of fifty miles an hour and it was freezing hard. The sinking ship disappeared so suddenly that her crew had no time to even lower her yawl boat, which hung on the davits at the stern.

REINA MERCEDES LEAVES SANTIAGO.

Former Spanish Cruiser Sent to Newport News in Tow of Tugs.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—The former Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, which was sunk close to the mouth of the harbor and floated by the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, left a few days ago in tow of the wrecking company's tugs for Newport News, taking the Windward Passage. Captain Chittenden is in charge of the vessel and is accompanied by Captain Merritt. Every precaution has been taken against her loss, there being twelve pumping engines on board. The condition of the Reina Mercedes is good and she is perfectly seaworthy.

Shipbuilding in Maine.

Prospects are promising for shipbuilding in Maine. Last year the tonnage of new vessels was 27,295, as compared with 5057 in 1897 and 74,406 in 1890.

American Push in India.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons, London, the Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton, said six English and two American firms were invited to bid for the viaduct at Goktick, in Burmah. The most favorable English tender received required three years for completion of the work at a cost of $580,000, while the best American tender proposed to complete the work in one year at a cost $300,625.

When the Venezuelan Tribunal Will Meet

The Venezuelan Tribunal will meet in Paris, France, on June 15, or thereabouts.

Newsy Gleanings.

British Columbia will pay one-ninth of the cost of the proposed Pacific cable.

The Tonga Islands, threatened by Germany, have virtually become a British dependency.

The French Government has accepted the proposal to transfer the ashes of Balzic to the Pantheon.

The Government deficit for the first ten months of the fiscal year, as shown by the April report, is $109,000,000.

The 250th anniversary of the town of Marblehead, Mass., was observed with appropriate ceremonies a few days ago.

In order to reduce the destruction of fish along the California coast many seals from the San Francisco herd have been killed.

It is claimed that there has been found near Carthage, Mo., a vein of zinc thirty feet thick, and also indications of oil and natural gas.

S. B. Price, Mayor of Macon, Ga., has begun a campaign of education among the illiterate of his town by seeing that the newspaper finds its way into every house.

W. F. Sapp, of Toledo, Ohio, has been appointed assistant general superintendent of the money order business of Porto Rico, giving him practically charge of the entire money order business of the island.

The Soldiers' Home at Atlanta, Ga., which was erected through the efforts of Henry W. Grady, was sold at auction a few days ago for $8000. The sale was forced by the refusal of the State to support the institution.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

21	BUTTER.		
Dreamery—West. extras	—	@	19
Firsts	18	@	18½
Thirds to seconds	15	@	17½
State—Thirds to firsts	15	@	18
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	17½
Imitation Creamery	12½	@	15
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	13
Low grades	11½	@	12½
	CHEESE.		
State—Full cream, fancy	9½	@	9¾
Small	9¾	@	9¾
Part skims, good to prime	6½	@	6½
Full skims	3	@	4
	EGGS.		
Nearby—Fancy	15	@	16
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	14½
Western—Choice	14½	@	14½
Southern—Choice	12	@	12½
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	14	@	17
Goose eggs, ₱ doz	18	@	22
	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 50	@	1 52½
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 35
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 32½
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 80
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 80	@	1 85
Yellow eye	1 87½	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 52½	@	2 55
Green peas, bags	—	@	97½
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples, Russet, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	3 75
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	3 75	@	5 50
Strawberries, Southern, ₱ qt.	4	@	17
Blackberries, Southern, ₱ qt.	15	@	20
	HOPS.		
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fair to prime	12	@	15
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	16	@	17
Common to prime	11	@	15½
Old odds	2	@	7
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	12
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	22	@	28
Roosters, ₱ lb	8	@	11½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	75
Geese, ₱ pair	75	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	30	@	35
	DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	12
Chickens, Phila	13	@	20
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	11	@	11½
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	18	@	20
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 50	@	3 00
	HAY AND STRAW.		
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	85	@	87½
Clover mixed	55	@	70
Clover	—	@	—
Straw—Long rye	35	@	42½
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes, Southern, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	4 50
Domestic, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 75
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Cabbages, N. C., ₱ crate	1 50	@	2 00
Onions, domestic, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	3 00
Egg plant, ₱ box	1 00	@	2 00
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	1 00	@	2 50
Squash, Fla., ₱ carrier	25	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Green peas, N. C., ₱ crate	50	@	1 00
Lima beans, ₱ crate	1 00	@	3 00
String beans, ₱ crate	75	@	1 25
Lettuce, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Celery, ₱ doz	25	@	1 00
Spinach, ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches	1 00	@	4 00
Kale, ₱ bbl	40	@	50
Carrots, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Radishes, ₱ basket	25	@	40
Rhubarb, ₱ 100 bunches	75	@	1 50
Cucumbers, ₱ basket	50	@	1 50
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches	50	@	2 50
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	3 80	@	4 00
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	81½
No. 2 Red	—	@	78¾
Corn—No. 2	—	@	41¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	35
Track mixed	31	@	33
Rye—Western	65½	@	66
State	—	@	61
Lard—City steam	4.90c	@	5.00c
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, city dressed	7¼	@	8½
Calves, city dressed	8	@	10½
Country dressed	7	@	10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	5 20	@	5 35

HAY CROP WILL BE LIGHT.

A Light Rainfall and a Much Smaller Acreage Responsible For the Failure.

CHICAGO (Special).—A deficiency of moisture during the early spring generally causes a shortage in the hay crop, so in consequence of the light rainfall of the past month reports from the country suggest that the supply of this necessary commodity this season will be less than it has been for several years. In addition to the prospects of a light yield the comparatively higher prices of all grain has induced numbers of farmers to plow up their meadows, while the same cause has prevented many others from seeding new ones.

The total area in this country devoted to the hay crop is usually something close to 50,000,000 acres. According to the agricultural reports the yield in the Western States considerably exceeds a ton to the acre, while the value is placed at some $8 per ton. Both estimates are rather high, for even in those localities most noted for the production of grass the crucial test of a press and scales generally prove the yield of merchantable hay to be slightly under a ton per acre; still if the farmers could obtain the price the report states they would be perfectly satisfied with such a return, for, considering that during the initial year the land is occupied by another crop, and that a meadow once laid down is good for several years, the first cost of seeding is infinitesimal, while the expense of caring for the crop, even if all the work is done by outside labor, does not exceed $1.50 an acre.

PLANTERS' HEAVY LOSS IN MEXICO.

The Frosts Ruined Millions of Dollars' Worth of Crops.

CITY OF MEXICO (Special).—The Government agricultural commission sent to the States of San Luis Potosi and Vera Cruz to investigates the amount of damage done in those States by the recent heavy frosts has made its report. In San Luis Potosi the damage amounts to about $5,000,000, chiefly in the section of the State known as the Huasteca. Nearly all the tropical products for which this region is famous were destroyed, but crops are being replanted in the hope of gathering at the end of the year at least part of the usual yield.

In Vera Cruz the damage was also very heavy. The crops of Indian corn, black beans, bananas and sugarcane were almost totally lost. The tobacco crop, however, was only partially destroyed.

Shipbuilding in Maine.

Prospects are promising for shipbuilding in Maine. Last year the tonnage of new vessels was 27,295, as compared with 5057 in 1897 and 74,406 in 1890.

American Push in India.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons, London, the Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton, said six English and two American firms were invited to bid for the viaduct at Goktick, in Burmah. The most favorable English tender received required three years for completion of the work at a cost of $580,000, while the best American tender proposed to complete the work in one year at a cost $300,625.

Price of Farm Implements Raised.

The combination of farm implement manufacturers at Chicago have advanced prices from fifteen to twenty per cent.

Business Briefs.

Trade is quieter at St. Louis, but wheat crop advices have improved.

Advices from Memphis are of a large area of cotton in West Tennessee.

In France, withdrawals from the savings banks thus far in the year have exceeded deposits by $2,448,000.

The lead production for 1898 was 310,606 net tons, as compared with 289,598 tons in 1897, and 264,994 tons in 1896.

In the Northwest trade advices are very generally favorable, and the same report comes of a scarcity of lumber supplies.

There has been a falling off in shipbuilding in Clyde yards, Scotland, as a consequence of the boom in the price of metals.

In the Southern States corn has made good growth and is being cultivated.

Burlington, Vt., has agreed to exempt from taxation for ten years a shoe factory and a cotton mill now going up in that town.

Cotton mills are well employed throughout the country, and a single sale of over a million pieces print cloths gives great assurance to the market.

Greater than in any previous year by 9.7 per cent., the actual shipments of boots and shoes from the East reflects a heavy business, with a general advance in price.

The market for woolen goods is waiting for evidences of demand which do not yet appear, and the delay in getting the new combinations into working order causes some hesitation.

THE DEWEY HOME FUND.

Invitation to Send Contributions to the Committee in Washington.

It Is Proposed to Present Him With a Handsome Residence For His Distinguished Services.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The committee in charge of the plans for raising a fund for Admiral Dewey has issued this statement:

"NATIONAL DEWEY COMMITTEE,
"WASHINGTON, D. C.

"The American people are anxious to do honor to Admiral Dewey. Their zeal has taken the form of invitations to banquets in many different cities, of celebrations, parades and displays. Obviously it will be impossible for him to attend all the banquets, and it may be invidious to select one or a few for the honor of his presence. The common sense of our countrymen does not find suitable expression for its admiration and esteem for our great naval hero in methods effervescent and transient.

"A grateful nation cannot do better than provide liberally for Admiral Dewey's comfort in a home fitted to his tastes, worthy in some measure of his services are indicative in a small degree of the gratitude which is not of a day, but of all time. A popular subscription will afford all the privilege to join in a testimonial in which patriotism will have a monument.

"The career of Admiral Dewey is a part of our national history, a glorious chapter in the magnificent record of the recent war with Spain. Not in our country alone, but in all the world, his name is emblazoned with those that shall not die. His services all know in part; the future will add to appreciation of his greatness, to the solidity and brilliancy of his fame.

"On his return from the scene of his victories and his statesmanship the official duties of Admiral Dewey will be performed in Washington. He should have a home there. The national capital cannot fail to have attractions for him in the present and the future. For a winter residence during his life he can hardly find a more desirable place. It is for a home for Admiral Dewey in Washington that subscriptions are invited.

"Suggestions to this general effect have been put forth in several quarters. Assurances have been conveyed to the undersigned that the general enthusiasm can be directed into a single current through their agency as a national committee. Each of us, busy with manifold occupations, accepts as a duty not to be set aside the task of organizing the popular munificence for this purpose and of administering the patriotic trust for a Dewey Home Fund.

"Subscriptions may be sent at once to the treasurer of this fund at the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C. Temporary receipts will be promptly returned, and as soon it can be prepared a duplicate of the same date and number, bearing a fine portrait of Admiral Dewey, will be forwarded to every subscriber.

"Immediate response will enable the National Committee to convey to Admiral Dewey, as soon as he lands, practical evidence that the American people have provided for him a home at the nation's capital.

"The committee invites the newspapers of the country and the Governors of all States to co-operate in this movement.

"FRANK A. VANDERLIP, Chairman
"CHARLES H. ALLEN.
"HENRY C. CORBIN.
"PERRY S. HEATH.
"ELLIS H. ROBERTS,
Treasurer of the Fund."

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON SAILS

Before His Departure He Pays Dewey a Handsome Tribute.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Among the passengers on the American liner St. Paul, which sailed for Southampton, was ex-President Harrison, who is to be the legal representative of Venezuela at the meeting of the Boundary Commission in Paris in June. Mr. Harrison was accompanied by his wife and baby. He expects the boundary dispute between England and Venezuela will be settled within the next few months.

Speaking of the reception promised Admiral Dewey on his return, the ex-President among other things said: "The things which Dewey has done and the things which he has left undone since that memorable May day have made him as great a diplomat as he is a fighter. He is the great hero of the Spanish-American war, and deserves all the praise which the people of the American Nation can give him. He not only destroyed Spain's power, but kept would-be meddlers from making it a triangular fight."

FATAL TORNADO IN IOWA.

Several Persons Killed and Much Damage Done.

MANCHESTER, Iowa (Special).—A disastrous tornado swept over the vicinity of Colesburg, Delaware County, twenty miles northeast of this city, doing great damage. Three persons were killed and many others injured. The town is fifteen miles from a railroad and details are meagre, but the following are known to have been killed: George Lang, Jerome Jacobs and a child named Tupper.

Mr. and Mrs. Ridenous are seriously injured, and two Tupper children will die. The storm also did great damage in the vicinity of Littleport and along the Turkey River. The Kennedy schoolhouse and the farmhouses of Messrs. Wilsey, Krimple, Shepherd, Cole and Page were destroyed. A tenant on the Cole place was killed. Walter Shepherd and child are among the dead and others of the family were injured.

DR. EDWARD E. HALE RESIGNS.

Relinquishes His Pastorate in Boston After Forty-Three Years' Service.

BOSTON (Special).—The Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale has resigned his pastorate of the South Congregational Church after a service of forty-three years.

The resignation came in the form of a letter addressed to the Standing Committee and proprietors of the church. Dr. Hale said in the letter that he had begun to realize that the church needed a man who could serve as minister as well as preacher. The letter contains many expressions of love for the people among whom Dr. Hale has worked for so many years.

Dr. Hale has for many years occupied one of the foremost places in the Unitarian denomination in the whole country, not only as a preacher, but also as a writer.

To Aid Cuban Children.

An organization has been formed in New York City to collect funds throughout the country in aid of Cuban children, of which there are said to be 50,000 nearly naked, half-starved, and for the most part without homes. General Francis V. Greene was chosen Chairman.

Liberty Bell to Stay Home.

The request of the Commissioners of the French Exposition to be held in Paris next year to procure the famous Liberty Bell, now in the State House, in Philadelphia, has been refused by Mayor Ashbridge. The Mayor says the risk is too great.

Reduction of Postal Rates.

The Postmaster-General at Washington has issued an order permitting commercial papers and samples of merchandise to be sent in the mails between Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands and the United States at universal postal union rates. This reduces the postage on commercial papers from the domestic letter rates to one cent per ounce, with a minimum charge of five cents, and on merchandise samples from the one-cent an ounce rate to one cent for two ounces, with a minimum charge of two cents.

Once a Millionaire, Now Penniless.

Henry Probasco, aged eighty, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who gave away almost a million dollars, is penniless.

Imports and Exports For April.

The imports of merchandise during the month of April were valued at $65,231,536, an increase of $9,285,126 over those of April, 1898, and for the ten months ended April 3, $565,259,435, an increase of $54,059,663 over those for the corresponding months of the previous fiscal year. The value of domestic exports for April was $86,569,890, a decrease of $11,443,689 compared with April, 1898, and for the ten months ended April 30 $1,018,120,742, an increase of $9,556,532 compared with a like period last year.

Launching of the Columbia.

The Columbia, the new defender of the America's Cup, will be launched on June 8.

FILIPINO CAPITAL TAKEN

Lawton's Advance Guard, Under Summers, Captures San Isidro.

FLEEING INSURGENTS PURSUED.

Rebels Lose Many Men—Major Kobbe's Force Sent to Join General Lawton—Many Natives Returning to Towns Within the American Lines—Cultivation of Rice Fields Resumed.

MANILA (By Cable).—General Lawton's advance guard, under Colonel Summers, of the Oregon troops, has taken San Isidro, the insurgent capital.

Colonel Summers's command, consisting of the Twenty-second Infantry on the left, the Minnesota regiment in the centre and the Oregon and North Dakota regiments on the right, preceded by scouts and accompanied by Scott's battery, advanced from Baluarte at daylight. The troops first encountered the enemy two miles from San Isidro, the rebels retiring when the artillery opened fire. Just outside the town a rebel force, estimated to number two thousand men, was intrenched. It made a slight resistance, but evacuated its position when the American troops turned its right flank.

The enemy's loss was fifteen men killed and twenty wounded. The United States troops also captured three prisoners and many rifles. On the American side, one soldier of the Oregon regiment and one of the Minnesota regiment were slightly wounded.

After capturing the town Colonel Summers's troops continued their advance, pursuing the retreating rebels for several miles.

The expedition under Major Kobbe, of the Third Regiment, consisting of the Seventeenth Infantry, a battalion of the Ninth and one battery of the First Artillery, left Calumpit at daybreak, marching up the Rio Grande to join General Lawton's division at Arayat. A flotilla of cascos loaded with supplies also proceeded up the river. Both forces were convoyed by the "tinclad" Army gunboats, under Captain Grant.

Although the rebels still threaten San Fernando in considerable force, large numbers of natives, a majority of them being families with their household goods, are returning daily to the towns inside the American lines, at Apalit especially.

Many of the richer Filipinos are coming to Manila, and laborers are resuming work in the rice fields. The latter show their respect for American sovereignty by removing their hats to the passing trains.

Owing to the bad condition of the roads, the work of repairing the railroad is being actively pushed. All the broken bridges have been trestled, and only a few excavations remain to be filled up. Trains will be running through to San Fernando in a few days. The only natives there are some Filipinos from Macabebe, who are trading with our soldiers.

The army gunboat Napindan has returned here from the lake, having been disabled by a cannon shot from the rebels near Santa Cruz. Her rudder-post was broken.

Aguinaldo's ex-secretary, Escamillo, who who was arrested here on February 23, is now employed as official interpreter by the authorities.

MARCHAND REACHES JIBOUTIL.

He Arrives at the End of His Long Journey Across Africa.

JIBOUTIL, East Coast of Africa (By Cable).—Major Marchand, the French explorer, who has just crossed Africa from the Atlantic Coast, has arrived here. The in-

MAJOR J. B. MARCHAND.

signia of Commander of the Legion of Honor was handed to him on board the French second-class cruiser D'Assas, without any ceremony worth noting.

NEGRO MURDERER AT BAY.

He Kills One Policeman and Wounds Another in Maryland.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Humphrey Taylor, a negro suspected of the Rosenstein murder at Slidell, Md., shot and killed Police Sergeant Fritz Passau, wounded Policeman Gow, and kept a posse of half a dozen officers at bay from the loft of a house nearly two hours. Dozens of shots were exchanged between the officers and the fugitive, who only surrendered when preparations were made to burn the house.

When questioned by the police in regard to the Rosenstein murder the prisoner became much confused in his replies, and told half a dozen different stories. He said that a man named Brown had committed the murder, and that he waited on the outside and kept watch, receiving $60 from Brown. On searching the house the police found $192 and a gold watch and chain where he had secreted them. He had a diamond ring and a small sum of money on his person. His conflicting stories as to his movements and where he obtained the money led the police to believe he is the man the Maryland authorities are looking for. It is probable, however, that he will be detained by the district authorities and tried for the murder of Sergeant Passau.

Postmaster's Accounts Short.

Charles A. Correll, Postmaster at Dunellen, N. J., was arraigned before United States Commissioner Jones at Newark, charged by Postoffice Inspector Benjamin R. Troop with misappropriating $535, receipts of the office.